

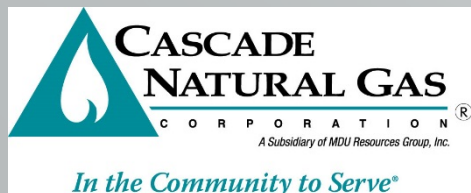
# Cascade Natural Gas Corporation

## 2020 Integrated Resource Plan Technical Advisory Group Meeting #3

Wednesday, November 6<sup>th</sup>, 2019

Cascade's Offices in Deschutes Room

Kennewick, WA



# Agenda

- **Introductions**
- **Ruby Presentation**
- **Distribution System Planning**
- **Cascade Gas Supply Overview**
- **Planned Scenarios and Sensitivities**
- **Alternative Resources**
- **Price Forecast Results**
- **Avoided Cost Methodology and Calculation**
- **2020 IRP Remaining Schedule**

# Ruby Pipeline Overview

# Distribution System Planning

Linda Offerdahl, PE – Engineer II

Technical Advisory Group

November 6<sup>th</sup>, 2019

# Summary

- System Overview
- Software Tools
- Data Gathering
- Synergi System Model
- Distribution Enhancement Options
- Project Process Flow
- Future Projects



# System Overview

## Pipelines:

- Diameter – 1/2" to 20"
- Material – Polyethylene and Steel
- Operating Pressure – 20 psi to 900 psi
- Washington – approx. 4,744 miles of distribution main
- Oregon – approx. 1,604 miles of distribution main

# System Overview

## Facilities:

- Regulator stations – Over 700
- Valves – Over 1,600
- Other equipment such as heaters, odorizers and compressors



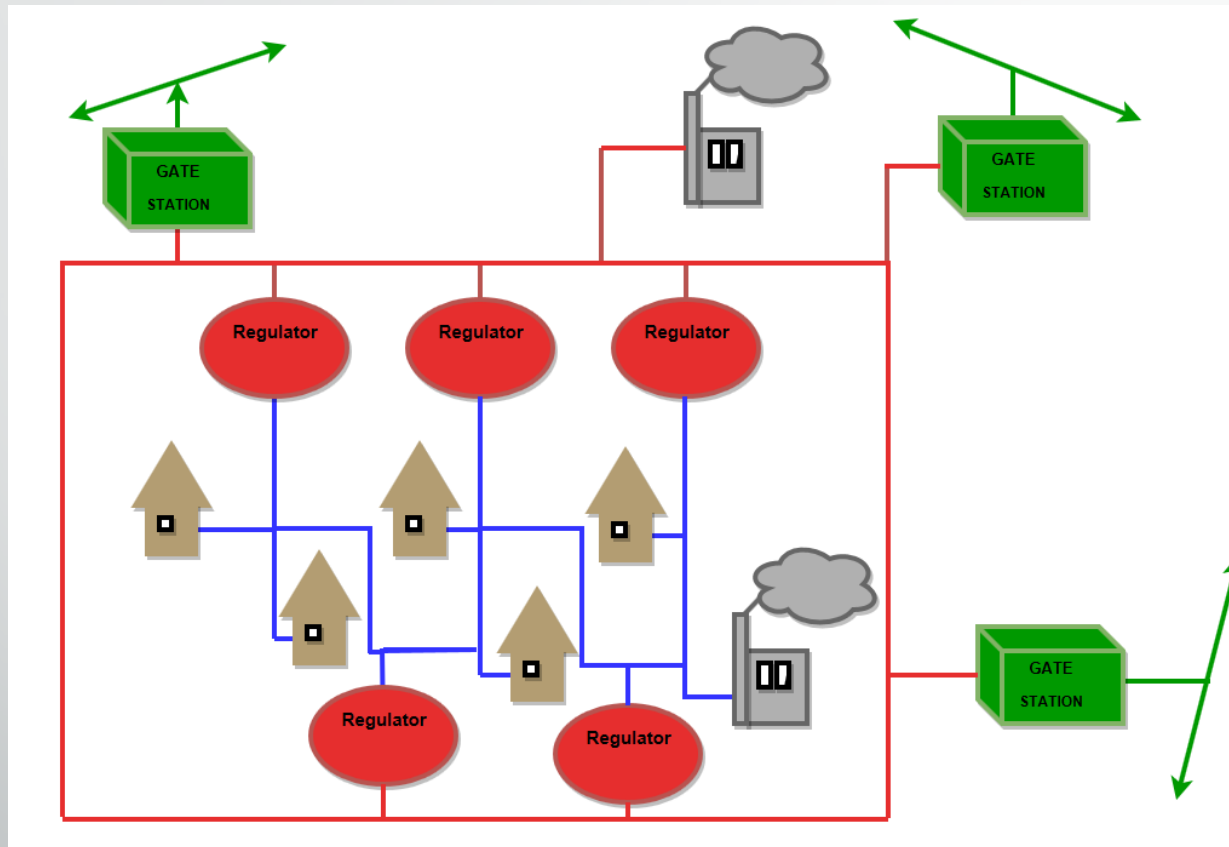
# Where do we get our gas?



- Many interstate pipeline companies
- Williams Northwest Pipeline (red)
- TransCanada Pipelines (yellow)



# Network Design Fundamentals

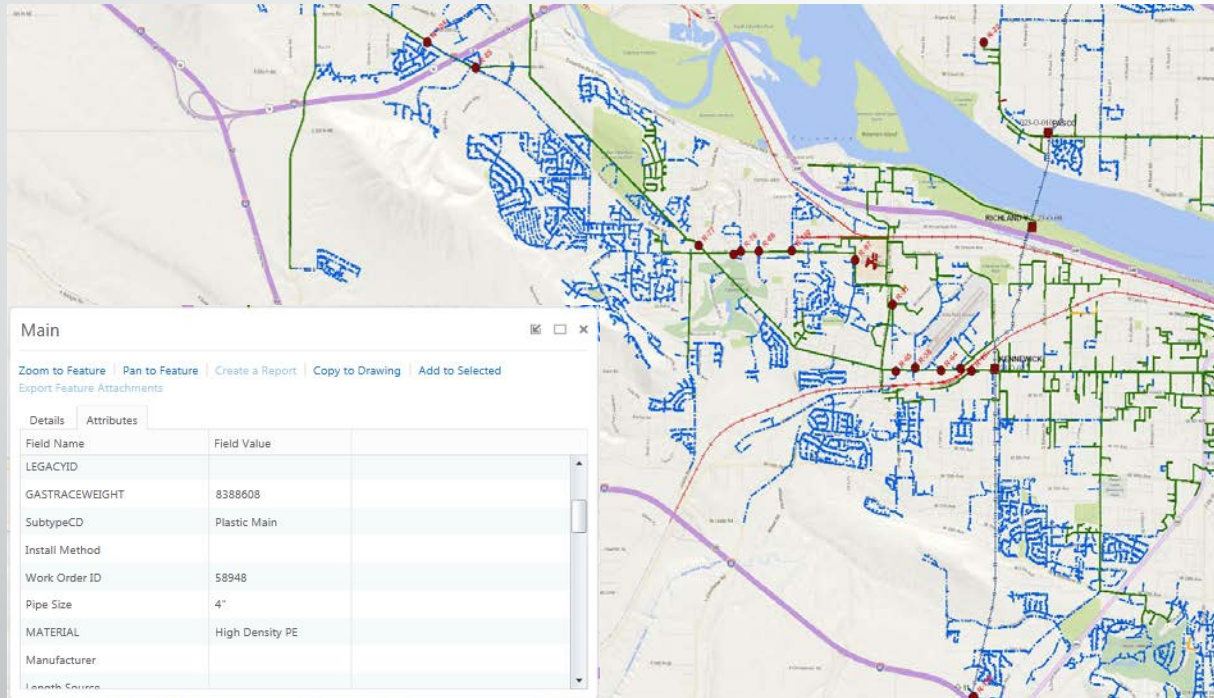


Keys:

- Gate station capacity
- Reg station placement
- Pipe size and grid

# GIS – Geographic Information System

- GIS System keeps an up to date record of pipe and facilities complete with all system attributes.



- Pipe Size
- Material
- Date of Install
- Operating Pressure
- Work Order

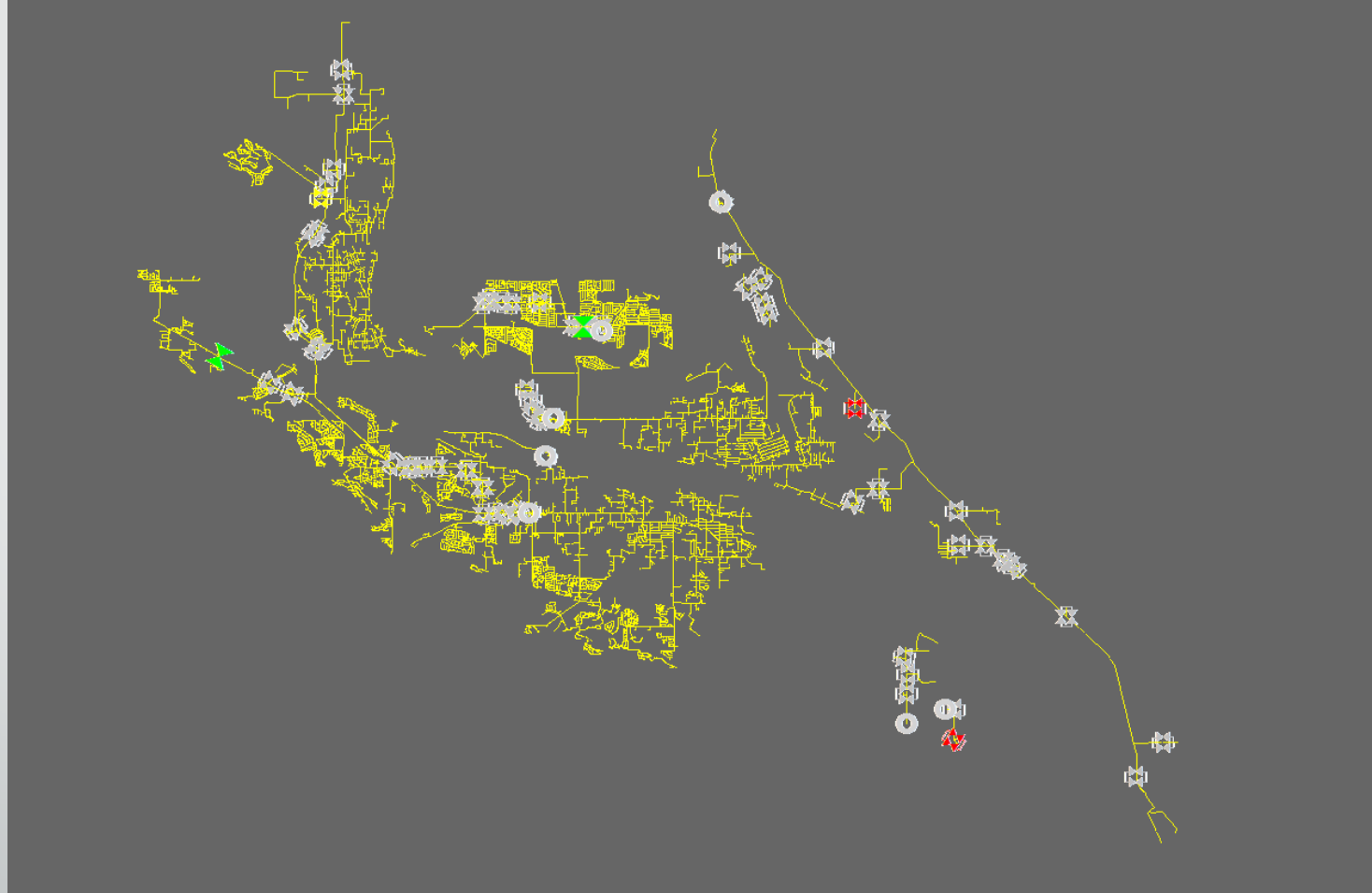
# System Modeling

- Using internal GIS environment and other input data, CNG is able to create system models through the software – Synergi.

What is Synergi?

- Software to model piping and facilities to represent current pressure and flow conditions while also predicting future events and growth.

# Synergi Model Example



- How do we make this model accurate?

# Data Gathering

- CC&B (Customer Billing Data)

Oracle Utilities Customer Care and Billing V2.2.0 Control Central Thursday - November 13, 2014

**PROD WebLogic**

Main	Account Information	Customer Information	Account Tree	Premise Tree	Bill/Payment Tree	Pay Plan Tree		
01-24-2014	Pay Segment				\$-5,788.52	\$0.00	\$-5,788.52	\$0.00
01-06-2014	Bill Segment				\$6,788.52	\$6,788.52	\$6,788.52	\$6,788.52
12-20-2013	Pay Segment				\$-5,902.05	\$0.00	\$-5,902.05	\$0.00
12-04-2013	Bill Segment				\$5,902.05	\$5,902.05	\$5,902.05	\$5,902.05
11-21-2013	Pay Segment				\$-5,171.56	\$0.00	\$-5,171.56	\$0.00
11-05-2013	Bill Segment				\$5,171.56	\$5,171.56	\$5,171.56	\$5,171.56

Get All

**Billed Consumption**

**Timeline**

November 2014

	14	Jul 2014	Aug 2014	Sep 2014	Oct 2014	Nov 2014	Dec 2014	Jan 2015	Feb 2015	Mar 2015	Apr
Meter Reads (0)											
Bills (12)		03	05	04	03	05	03	06	04	04	03
Payments (6)	23	21	22	22	21						
Collections (0)											
Customer Contacts (1)						07					
Field Activities (0)											
Cases (0)											

Done Trusted sites | Protected Mode: Off 100%

**Dashboard**

**Alerts**

Last Contact: 6 days ago - Cady, Virginia  
Large Volume Customer  
Person Is Linked To Multiple Accounts

**Current Context**

St Alphonsus Medical Center of Ontario - BUSINESS  
PHONE: (541) 881-7260  
4700000000 1 St Alphonsus Medical Center of Ontario, LARGE VOLUME, \$5,160.30, 4700000000  
351 SW 9TH ST, ONTARIO, OR, 97914-2639

**Customer Contact**

Last 6 days ago - Cady, Virginia  
Type  
Comment  
Add Contact

**Financial Information**

Current Balance \$5,160.30  
Last Payment 10-21-2014, \$4,386.94  
Last Billed 11-05-2014, \$5,160.30, Due Date 11-24-2014  
Previous Bill 10-03-2014, \$4,386.94  
Next Bill Date 12-03-2014

# Data Gathering

MDU SCADA View | Pressures | Usage | Odorizers | Other Systems

IGC +  
 CNGC -  
 Northwest Washington >  
 Central Washington >  
**Southwest Washington**  
 Oregon >  
 MDU +  
 Data Legend +

**CNGC Southwest Washington Usage**

The data on this page is automatically refreshed every 5 minutes. Reloading the page before the timer expires will not necessarily result in newer data.

Data View Mode: List | Grid | A-Z

Generated: 09/01/2016 04:41:40 PM PDT  
 Refreshed: 09/01/2016 03:48:06 PM PDT  
 Next Refresh: 00:04:57

Monitored Area	Flow Rate (MCF/HR)	Previous Hour (DekaTherms)	Current Gas Day (DekaTherms)	Previous Gas Day (DekaTherms)
Puget Sound NS Run1	56.5	61	538	1652
Bremerton Gate Run1	90.5	99	906	2454
Shelton Gate Total	232.1	259	2399	5829
Mc Cleary Gate Run1	207.7	216	1837	4884
South Longview Gate Total	1620.9	1569	11624	21984
Kelso Gate Total	787.1	816	6508	15172
Kalama Gate Total	199.8	225	1914	5435
Co Gen Run1	0.0	0	0	0
Fibre Mill Run1	448.4	475	4271	7952
Mint Farm Run1	1912.2	1923	13754	28647

- SCADA Data
- Real time and historical flow characteristics at specific locations in the system

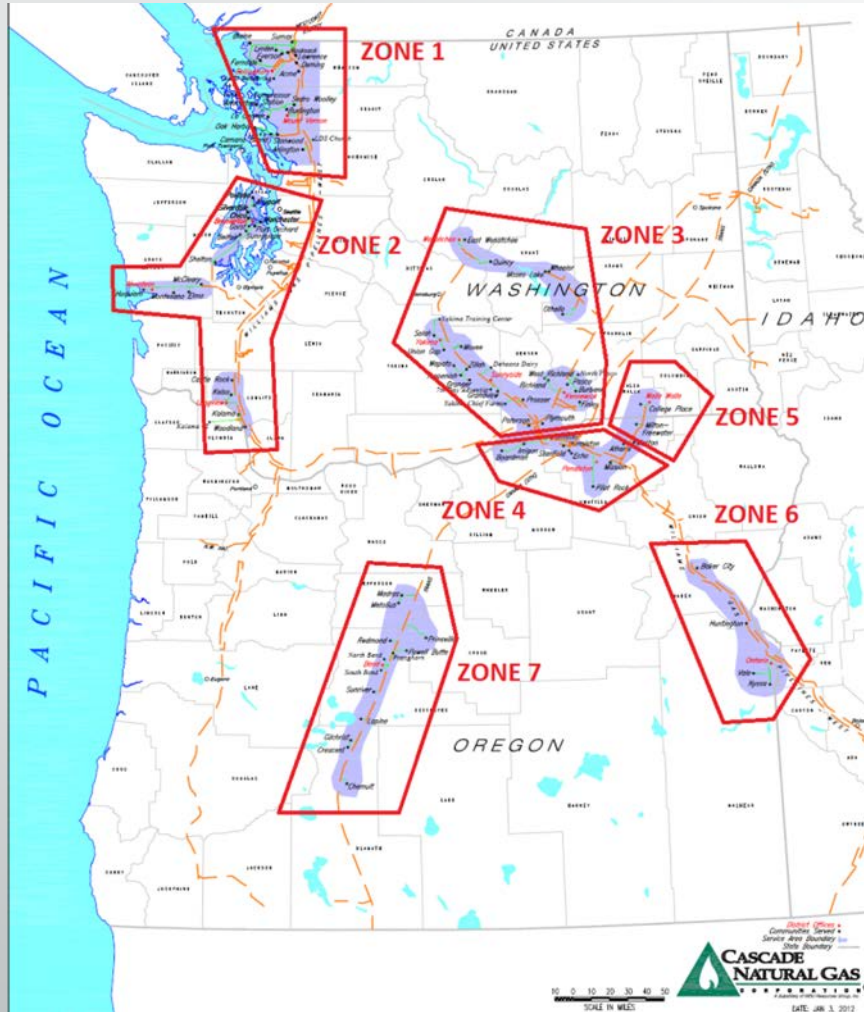


# Data Gathering

- IRP Customer Growth

	Bend Loop		Madras		Stearns	
	Customers	Growth	Customers	Growth	Customers	Growth
2020	38,727	-	1,669	-	3,960	-
2021	39,808	2.79%	1,702	1.98%	4,003	1.09%
2022	40,888	2.71%	1,735	1.94%	4,046	1.08%
2023	41,968	2.64%	1,768	1.90%	4,089	1.07%
2024	43,048	2.57%	1,801	1.87%	4,133	1.06%
2025	44,128	2.51%	1,834	1.83%	4,176	1.04%
2026	45,208	2.45%	1,867	1.80%	4,219	1.03%
2027	46,288	2.39%	1,900	1.77%	4,262	1.02%
2028	47,368	2.33%	1,933	1.74%	4,305	1.01%

# Data Gathering



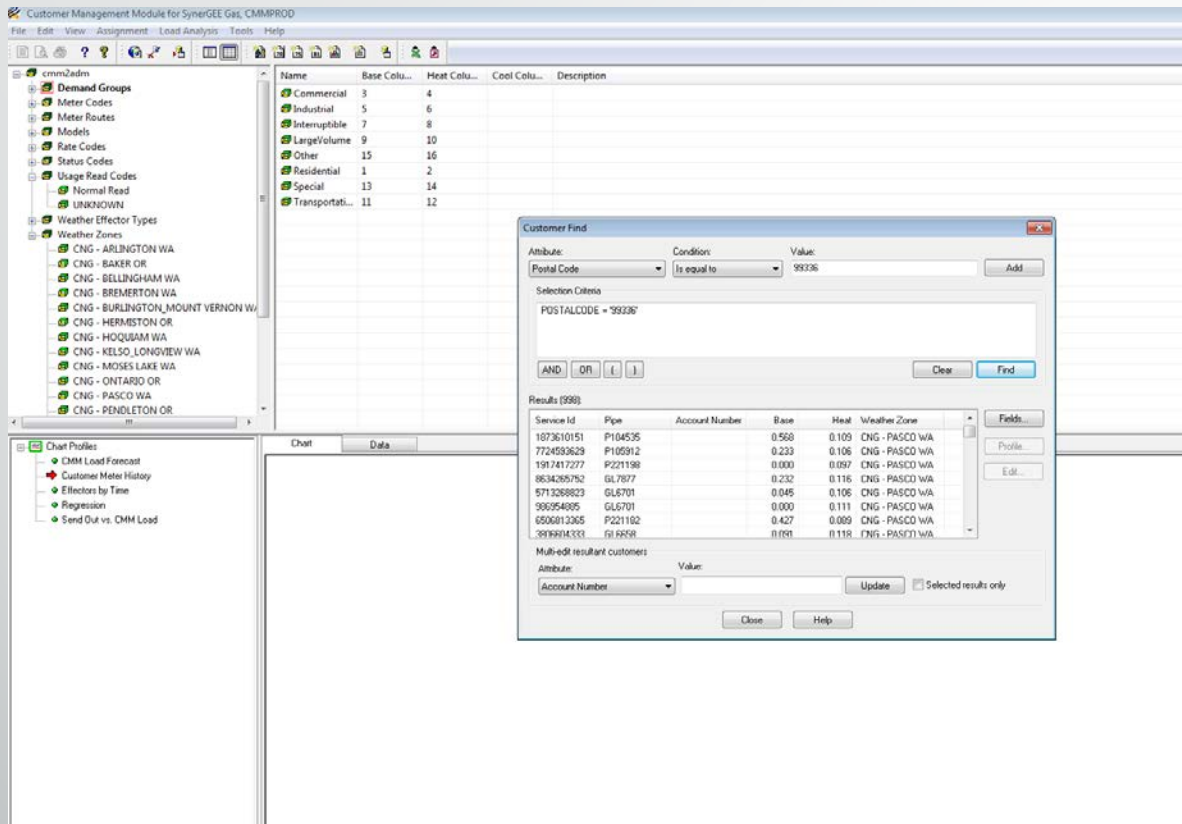
- Peak Heating Degree Day (HDD) modeled by CNG weather zone based on historical weather data

$$\text{Peak HDD} = 60 - \text{Average Daily Temp}$$

System Peak Day	12/21/90
System Peak HDD	56
Zone 1	46
Zone 2	46
Zone 3	58
Zone 4	67
Zone 5	65
Zone 6	70.5
Zone 7	70.5



# Customer Management Module (CMM)



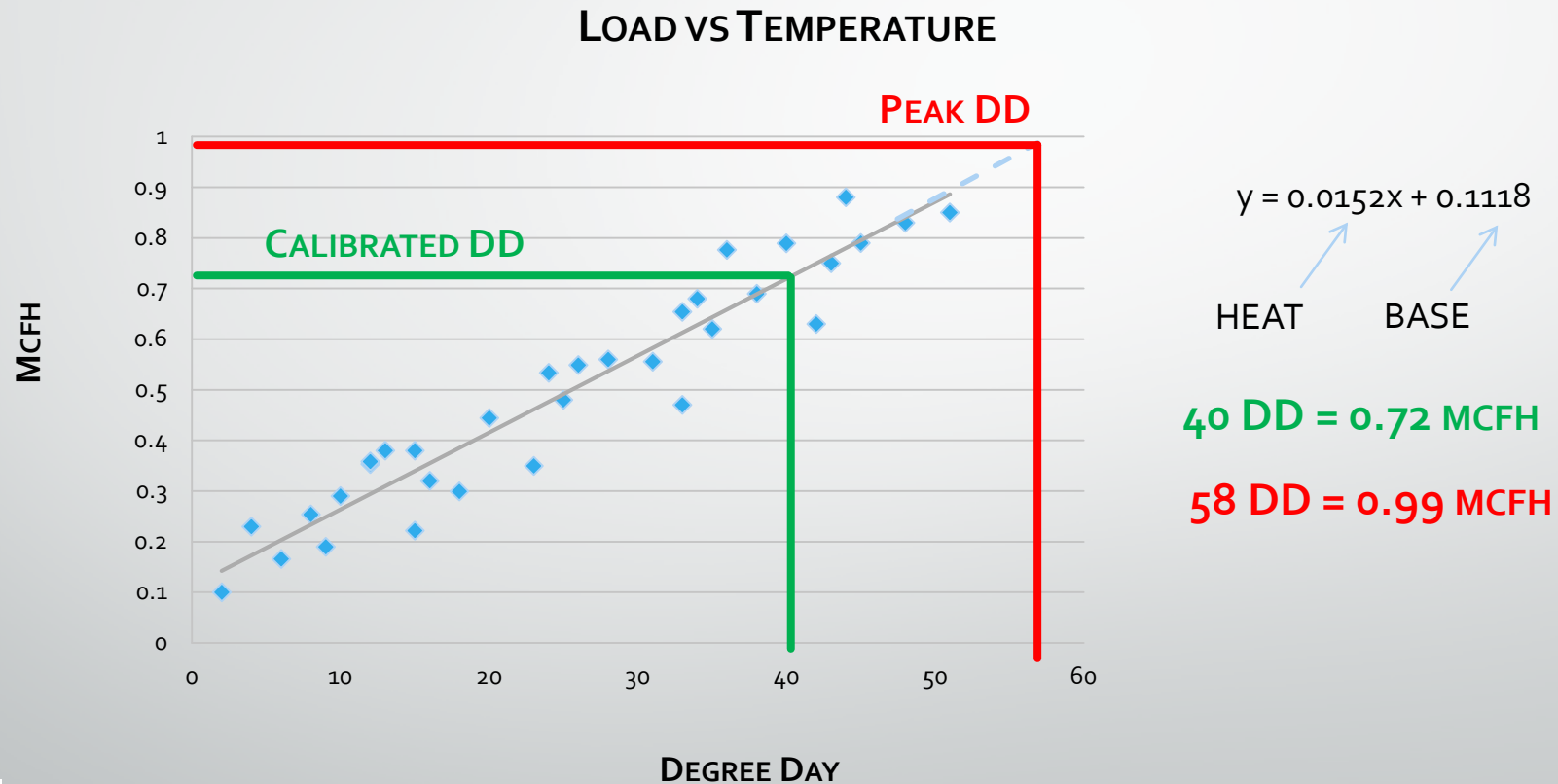
- Software that compiles data from CC&B and HDD to manage customer loads
- Works directly with Synergi to input customer data and represent pressures and flows in the model

# CMM → Synergi System Model

- Conversion can result in 3 model types:
  - Calibrated Model – Model to represent a specific date and time.
  - Design Day Model – Uses the peak HDD for selected areas to simulate a cold weather event (worst case scenario).
  - Growth Model – Uses design day model along with growth data to predict future projects.

# Calibrated vs Peak Degree Day

- Different loads will be applied to each customer



# Synergi System Model

- All customers are loaded based upon base and heat trend.
- Growth model – works with design day model and customer growth numbers to simulate pressures and flows in the future.
- Benefits of the models:
  - Customer requests
  - Future planning
  - System reliability
  - Optimizing distribution enhancement options

# Distribution Enhancement Options

- Pipeline:
  - Replacements
  - Reinforcements
  - Loops
- Regulator Stations
- Compressors

# Pipeline Enhancements

## Pros

- Reliable capacity
- Low maintenance
- Permanent

## Cons

- Can be expensive
- Potential land acquisition and/or permitting issues

# Reg Station Upgrades/Installs

## Pros

- Adds source pressure to alternate system location
- Increases flow control
- Increases pressure control

## Cons

- Long term regulator and valve maintenance
- High installation/fabrication costs
- Potential land acquisition issues

# Compressor Stations

## Pros

- Adding capacity at lower initial cost
- Less land required
- Situational operation

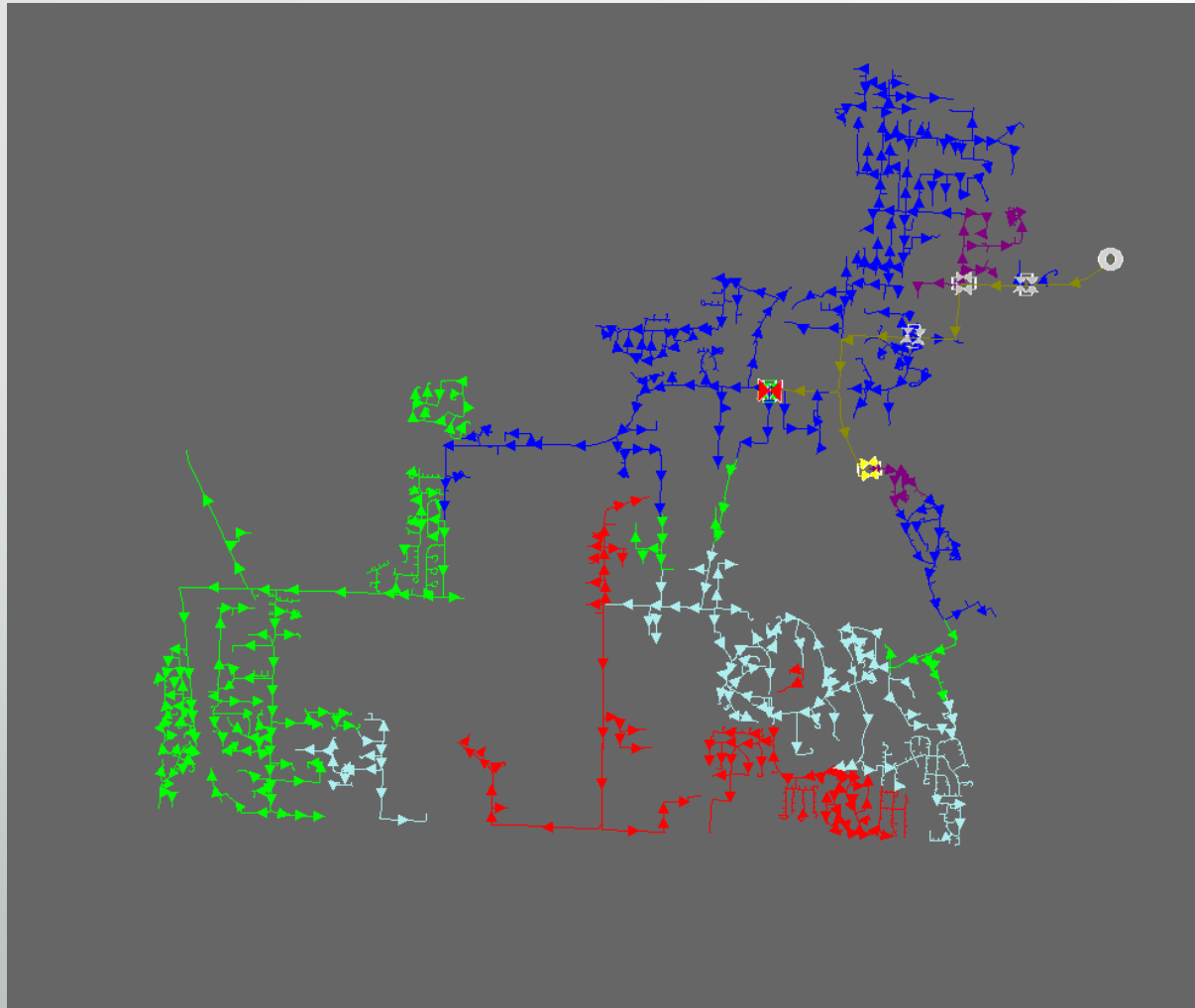
## Cons

- Continuous maintenance/training
- Cost of fuel consumption
- Emissions/permitting
- Beneficial only on transmission/HP lines



# Distribution Enhancement Options

- Theoretical low pressure scenario

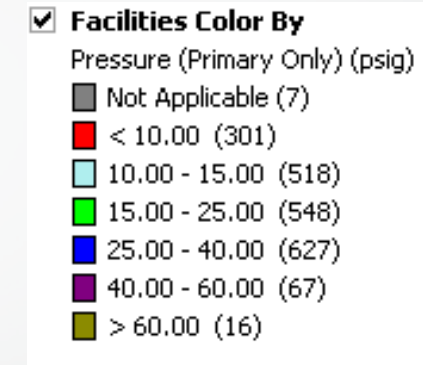
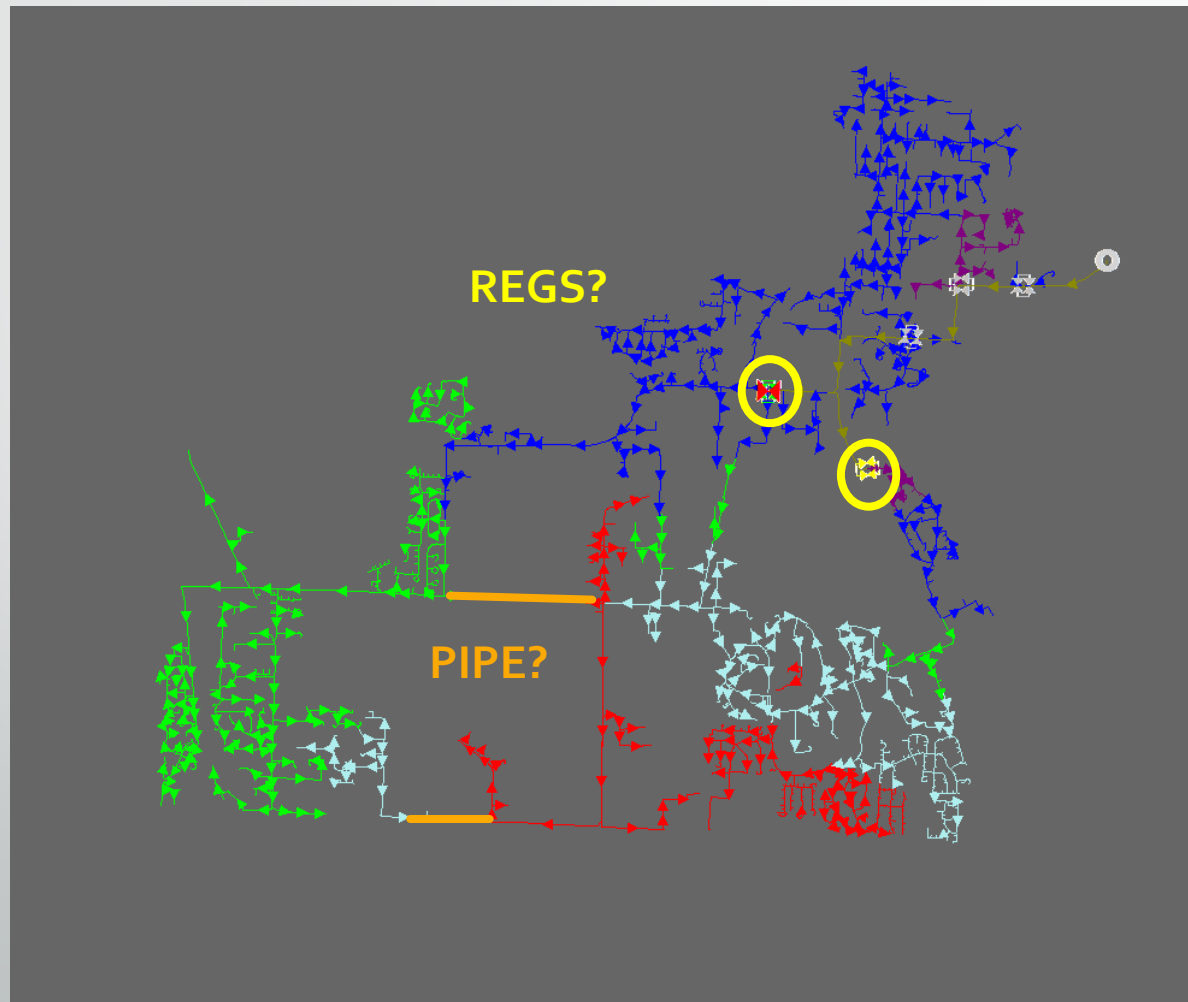


**Facilities Color By**  
Pressure (Primary Only) (psig)

■	Not Applicable (7)
■	< 10.00 (301)
■	10.00 - 15.00 (518)
■	15.00 - 25.00 (548)
■	25.00 - 40.00 (627)
■	40.00 - 60.00 (67)
■	> 60.00 (16)

# Distribution Enhancement Options

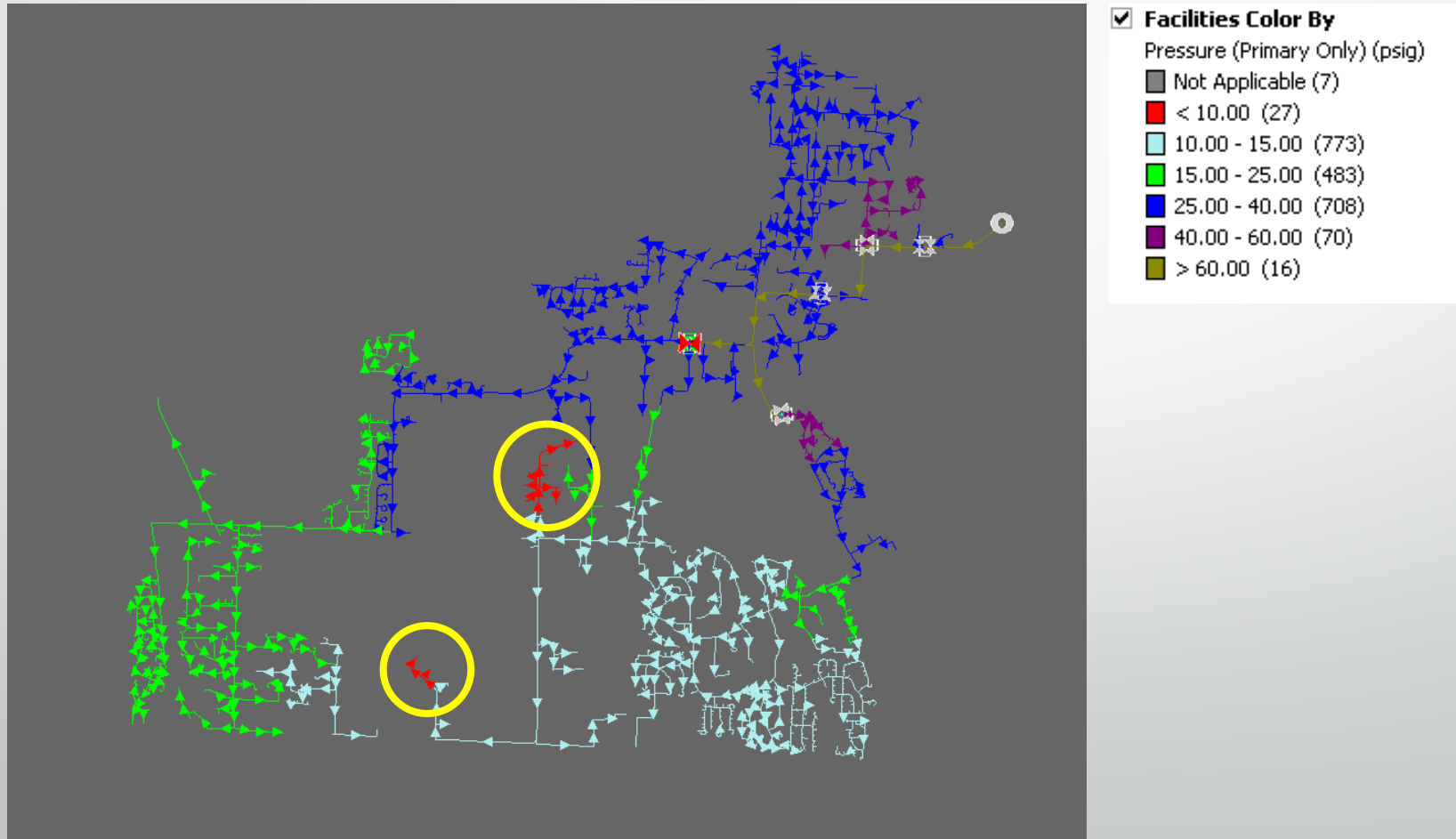
- Low pressure scenario



- Compressor station infeasible
- Other Solutions?

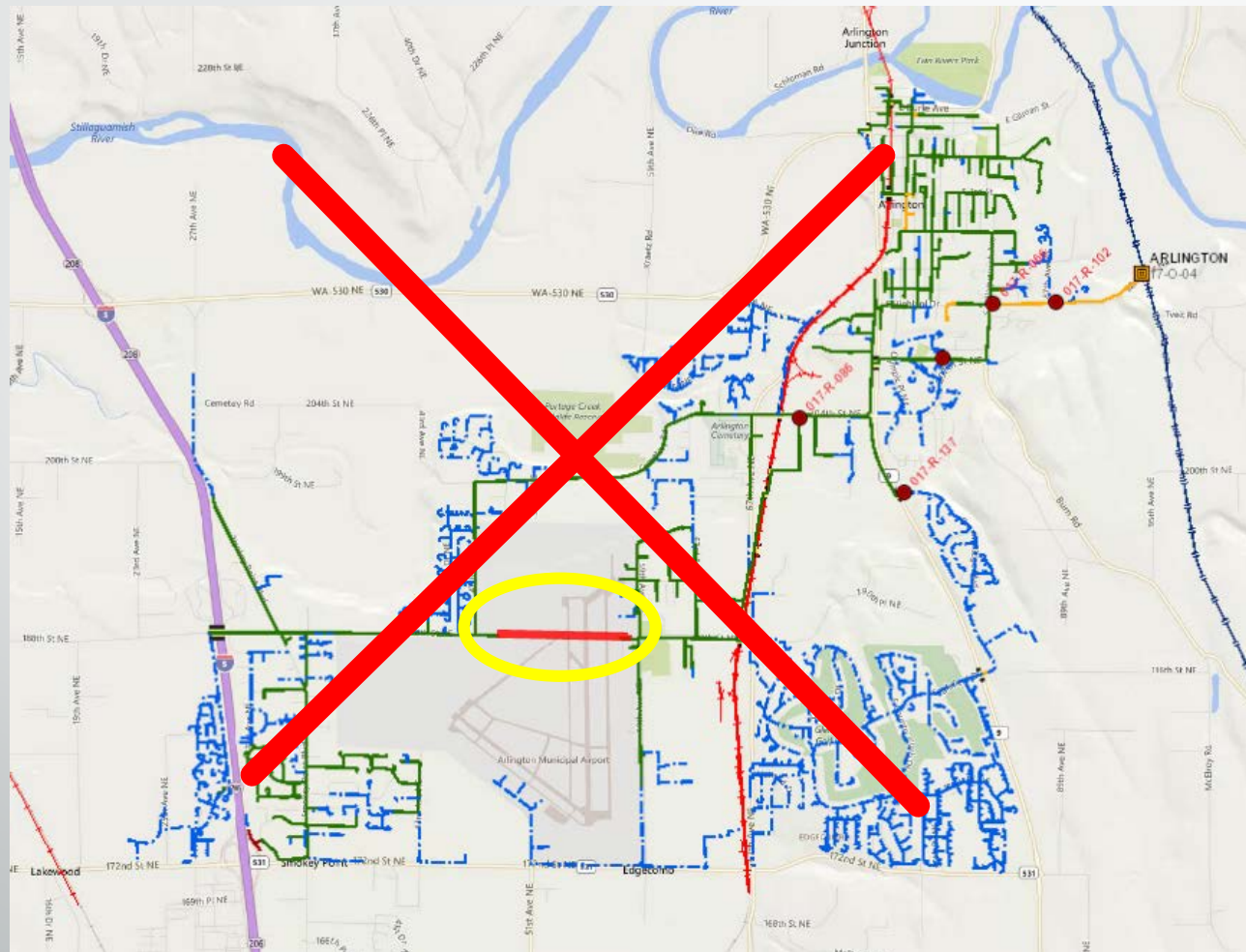
# Distribution Enhancement Options

- Possible solutions – raising reg station set points



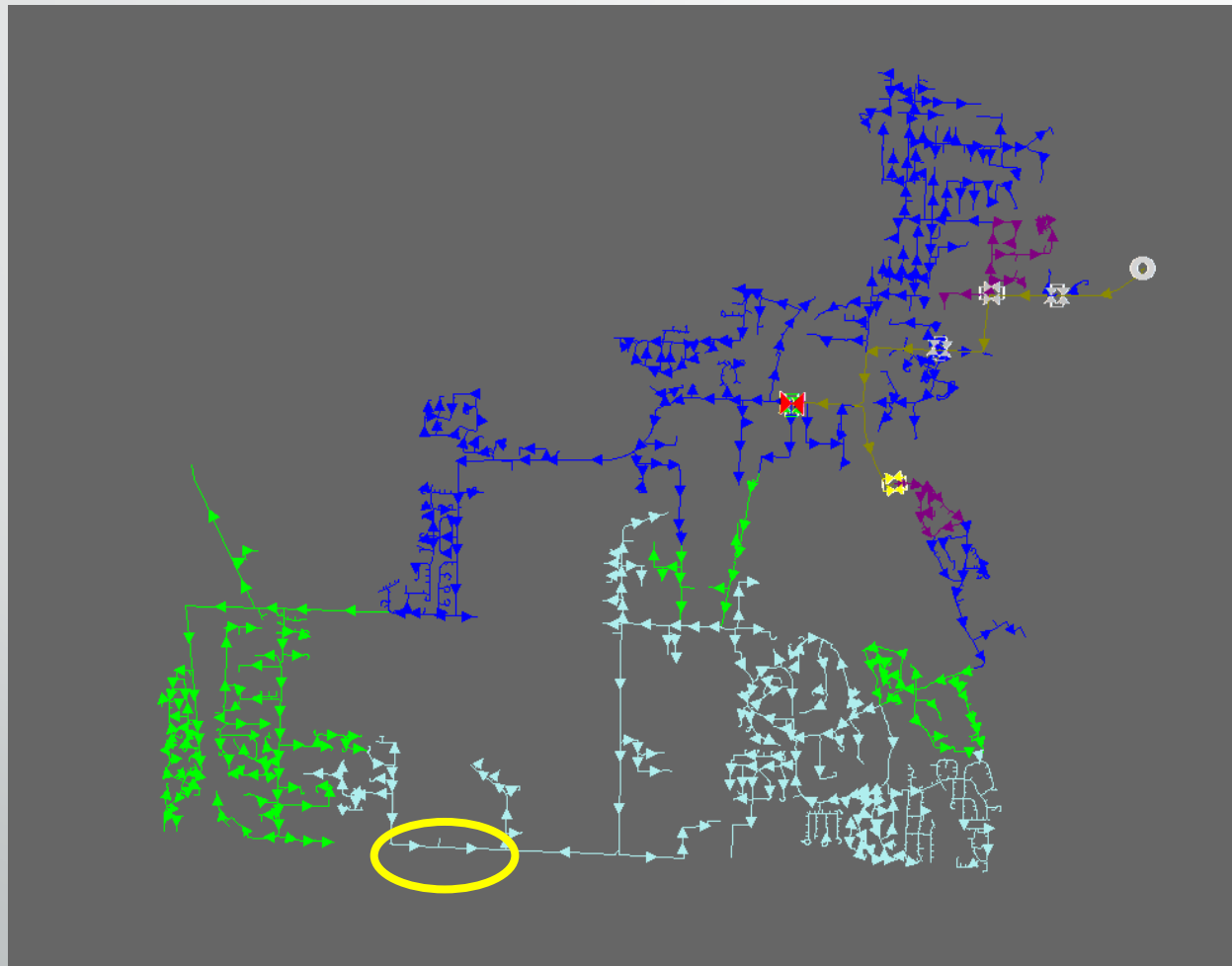
# Distribution Enhancement Options

- Reinforcement option #1



# Distribution Enhancement Options

- Reinforcement option #2

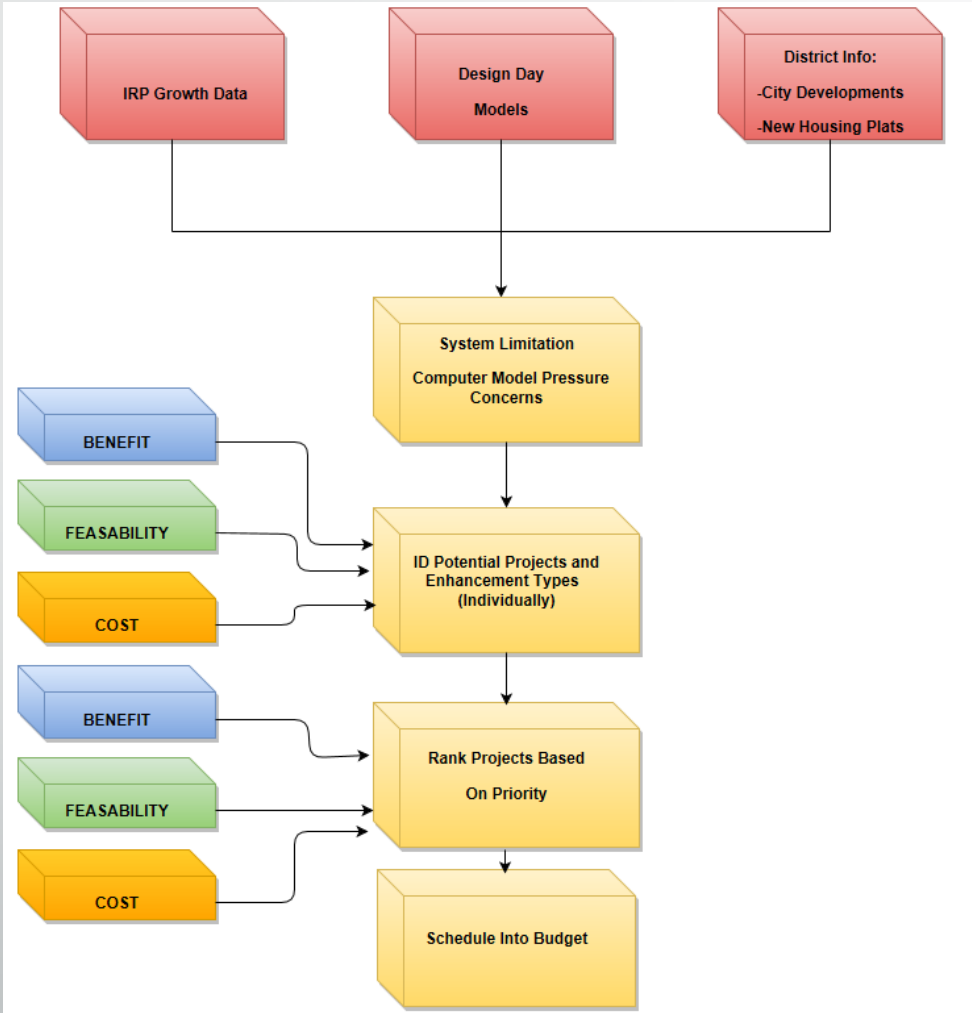


**Facilities Color By**  
Pressure (Primary Only) (psig)

■	Not Applicable (8)
■	< 10.00 (0)
■	10.00 - 15.00 (780)
■	15.00 - 25.00 (367)
■	25.00 - 40.00 (844)
■	40.00 - 60.00 (71)
■	> 60.00 (16)



# Project Process Flow



Info & Data



Project & Schedules

# Future Projects

- Planned distribution enhancement projects in Oregon for next 4 years:
  - Pendleton 4" IP & HP Reinforcements Ladow Rd
  - Pendleton 4" IP Reinforcement Korvola Rd
  - South Hermiston HP Reinforcement Feedville Rd
  - Bend 8" HP Reinforcement Bear Ck Rd
  - Bend Gate Station Rebuild
  - Redmond 6" HP Reinforcement Veterans Way
  - Bend 6" HP Reinforcement Shevlin Pk
  - Bend 6" IP Reinforcement Ponderosa St
  - Baker Gate Station Rebuild
  - Prineville Gate Station Rebuild

# Conclusion

- CNG strives to use technology to gather data, analyze, plan, and design a reliable, safe, and economical distribution system.

## Questions ?



# Cascade Gas Supply Overview

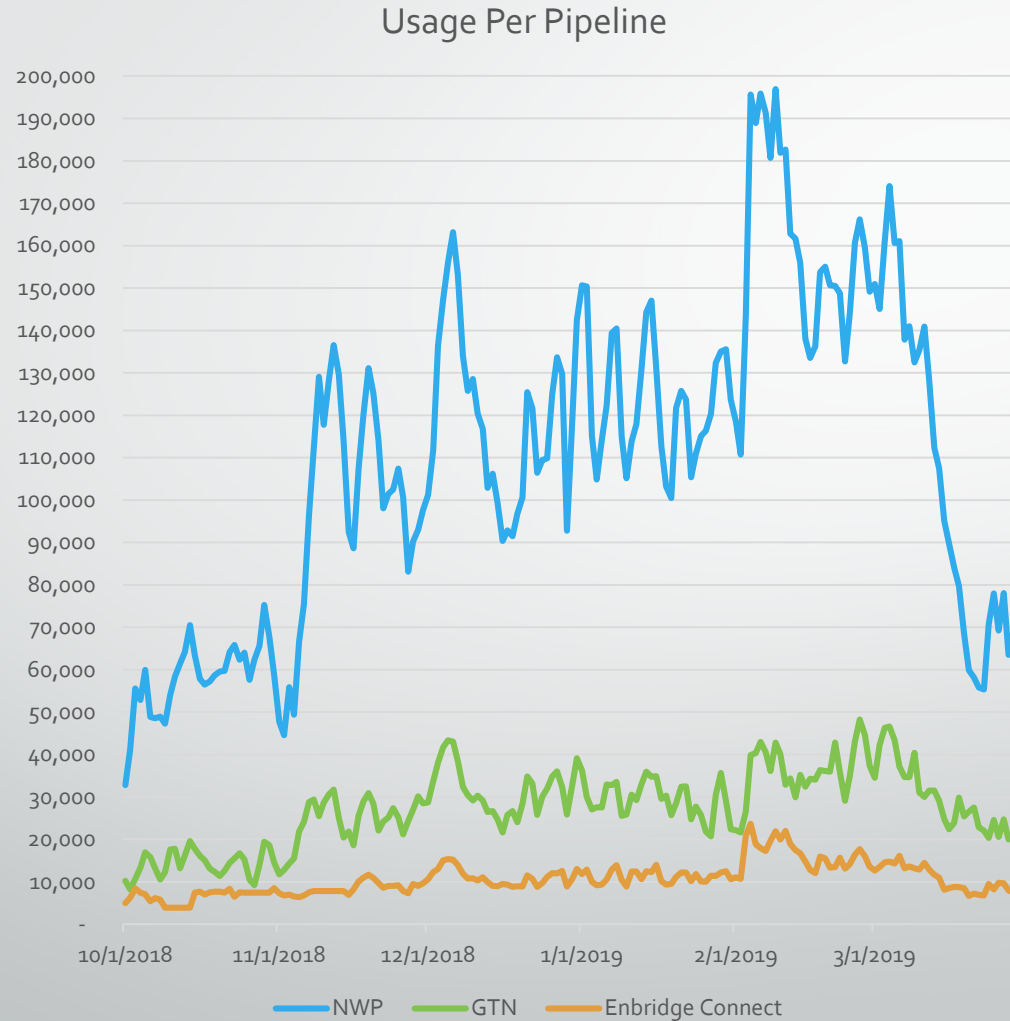
# Pipeline transport flow

- █ NWP
- █ GTN
- █ Southern Crossing
- █ NGTL
- █ Ruby
- █ PGE
- █ Palomar
- █ Opal
- █ Pacific Connector
- █ Foothills
- Supply
- Storage

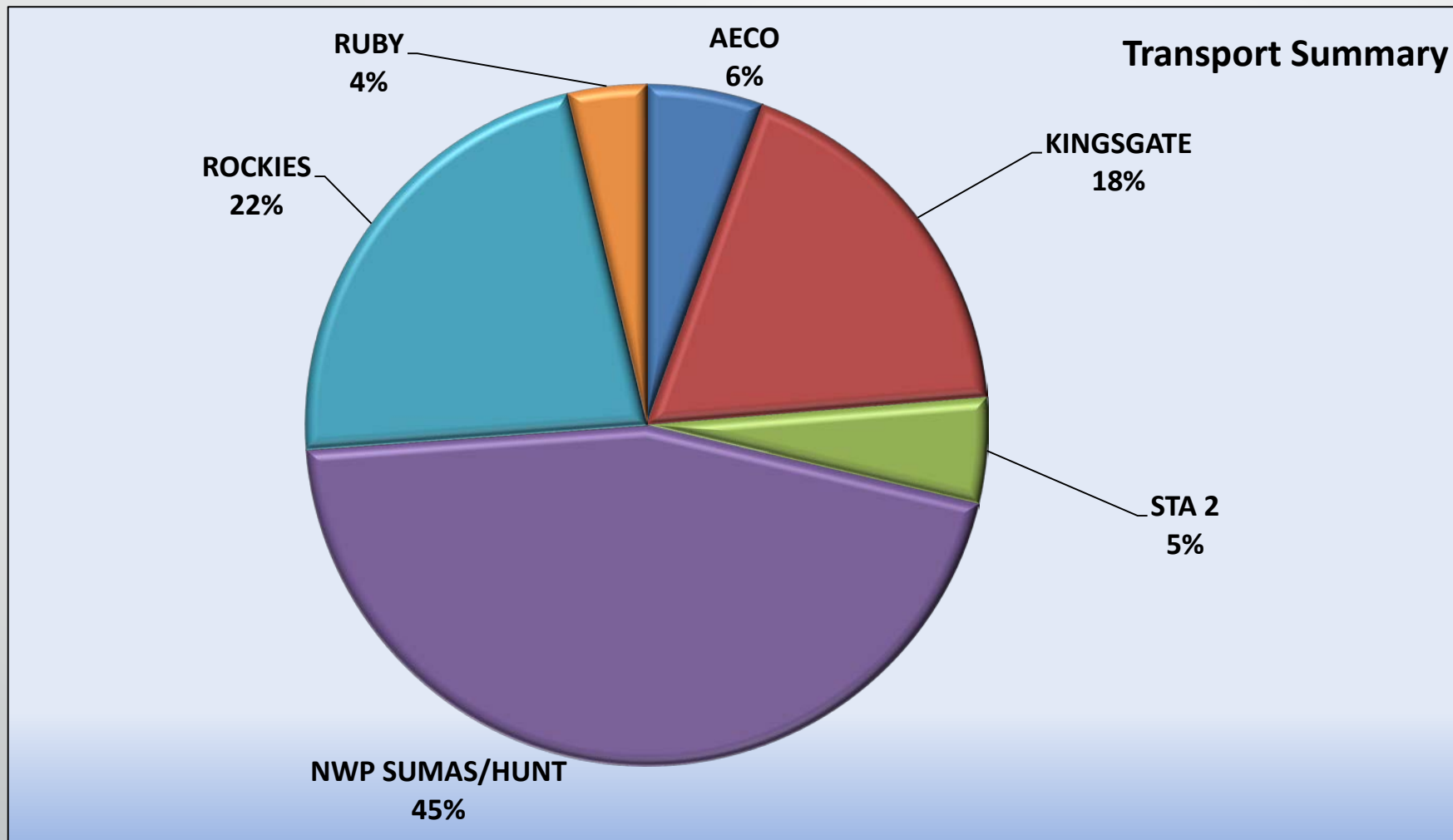


# Winter Usage

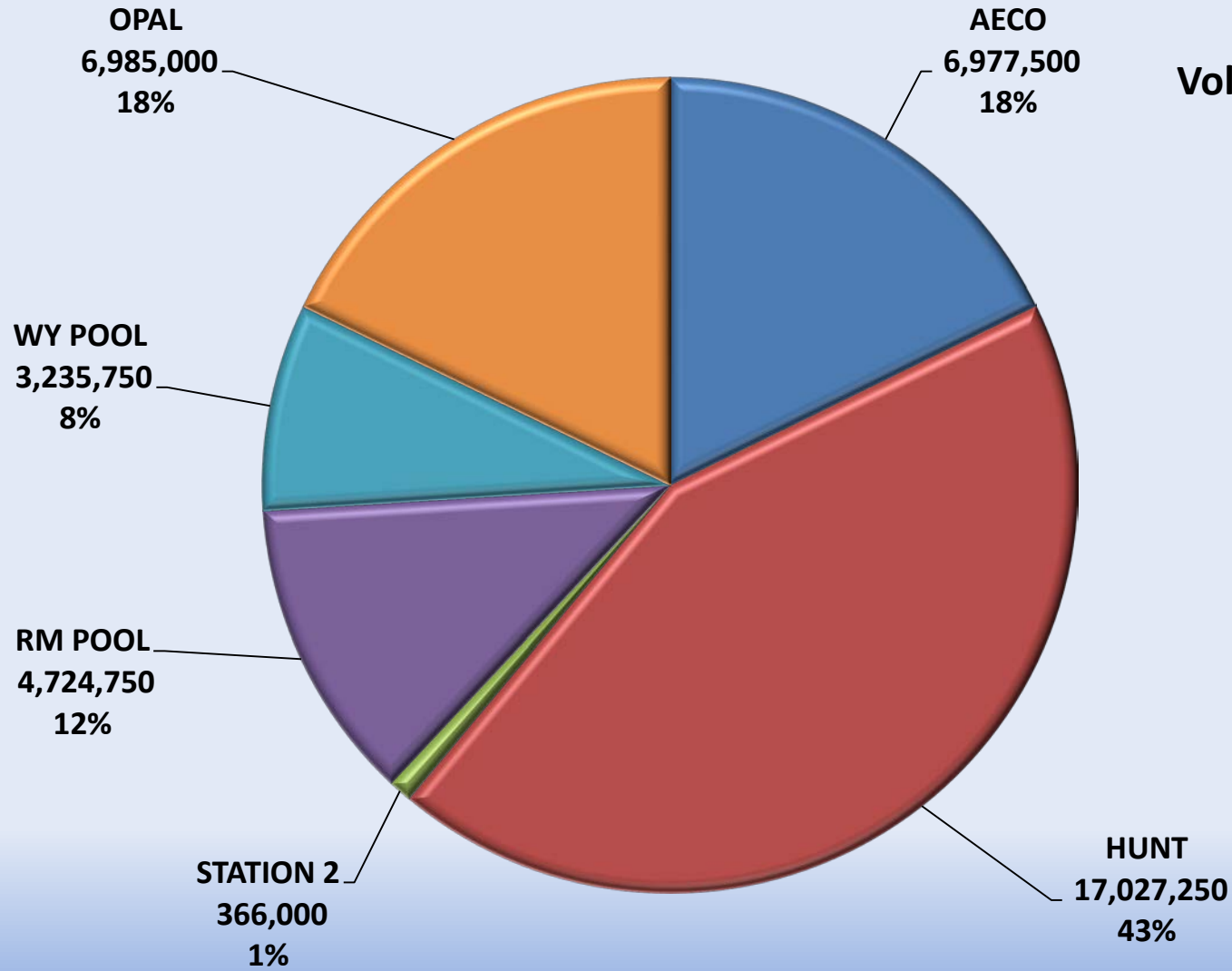
Dekatherms



# Transport Summary



### Total Supply Volume by Location

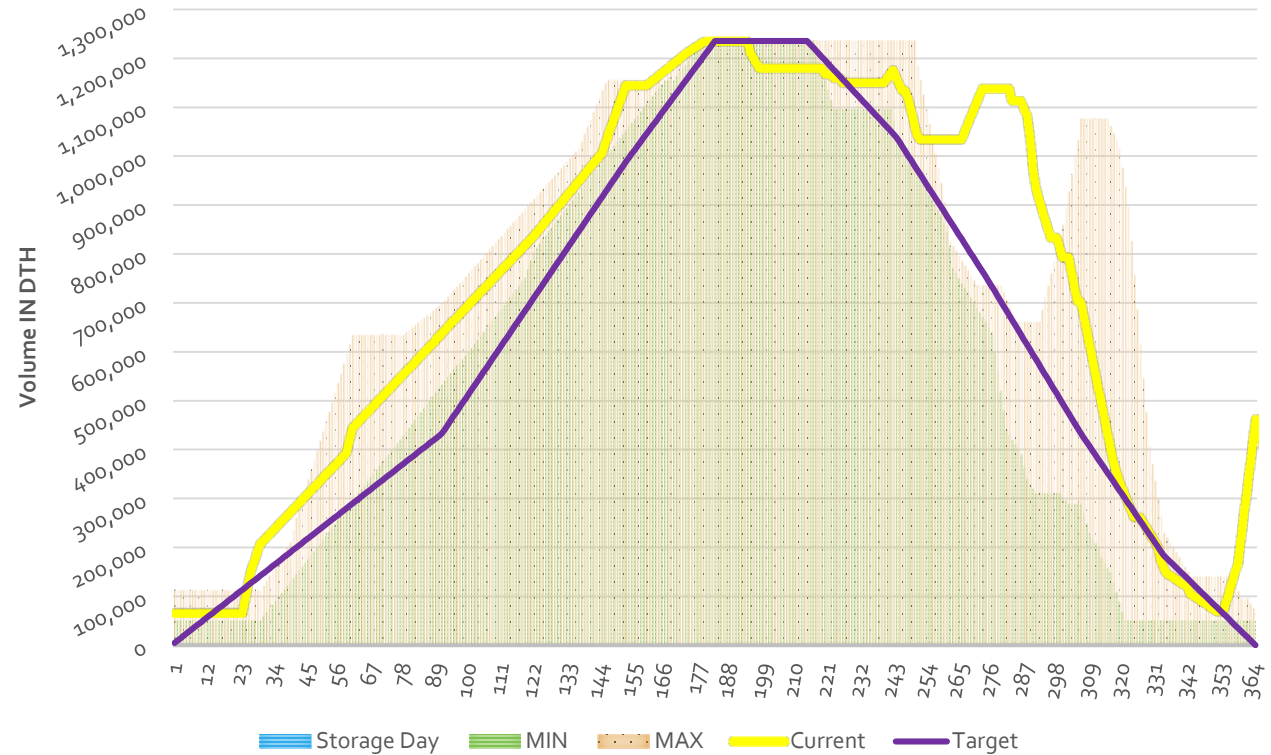


# Storage Resources

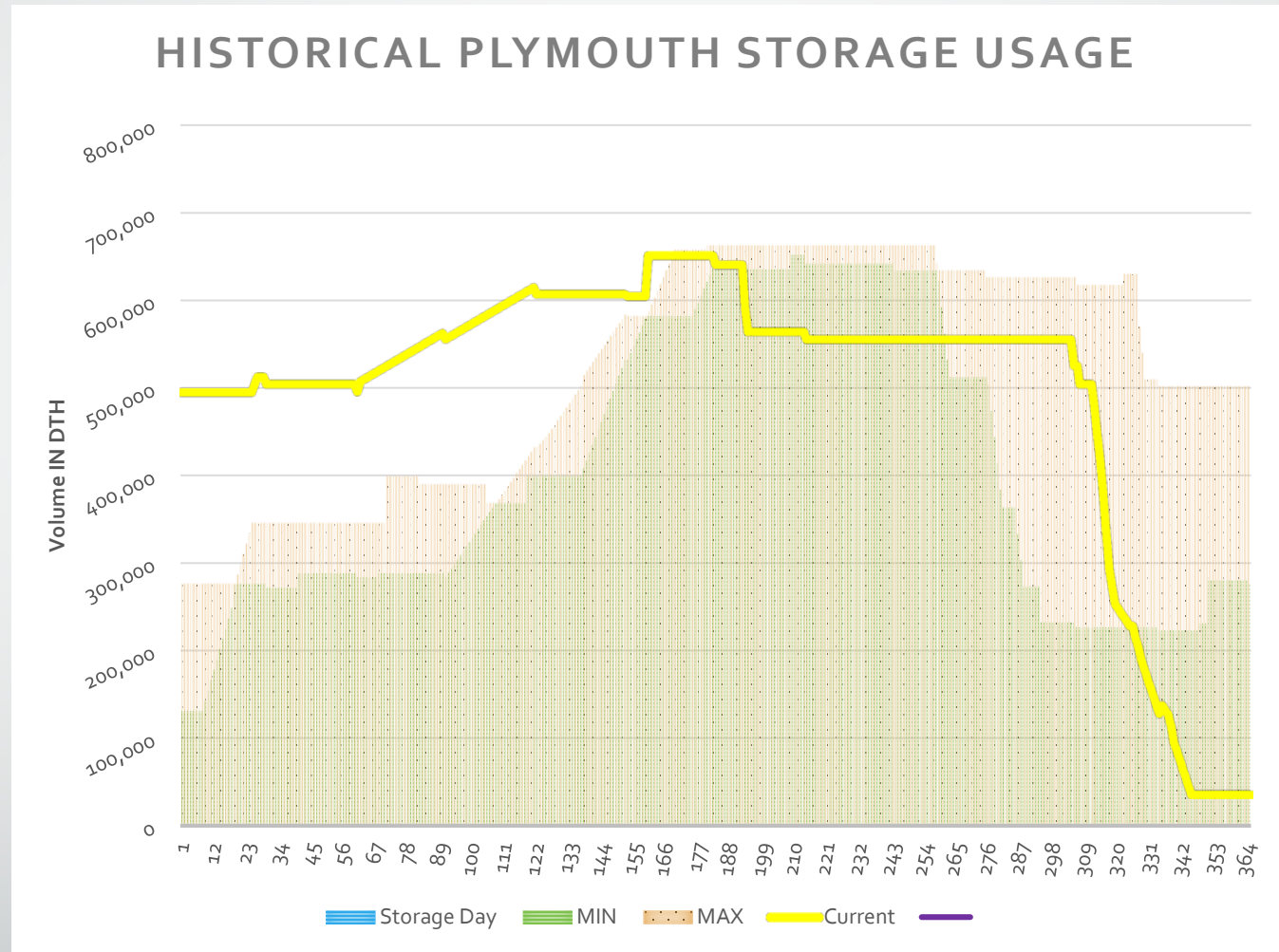
- Jackson Prairie
  - 4 accounts with 1,235,593 dth capacity, 56,366 dth of demand
  - CNGC cycled approximately 95% of Jackson Prairie storage over the past winter season
  - CNGC targets cycling Jackson Prairie
- Plymouth
  - 2 accounts with 662,200 dths capacity, 78,125 dth of demand
  - In addition to above we have TF-2 (Firm Redelivery Transportation) of 10,675 dths
  - CNGC remains committed to using Plymouth as a peaking resource
- MIST
  - Added in the spring of 2019
  - 600,000 dth of capacity, 30,000 dth of demand

# 2018/2019 JP Storage Utilization

## HISTORICAL JACKSON PRAIRIE STORAGE USAGE



# 2018/2019 Plymouth Storage Utilization

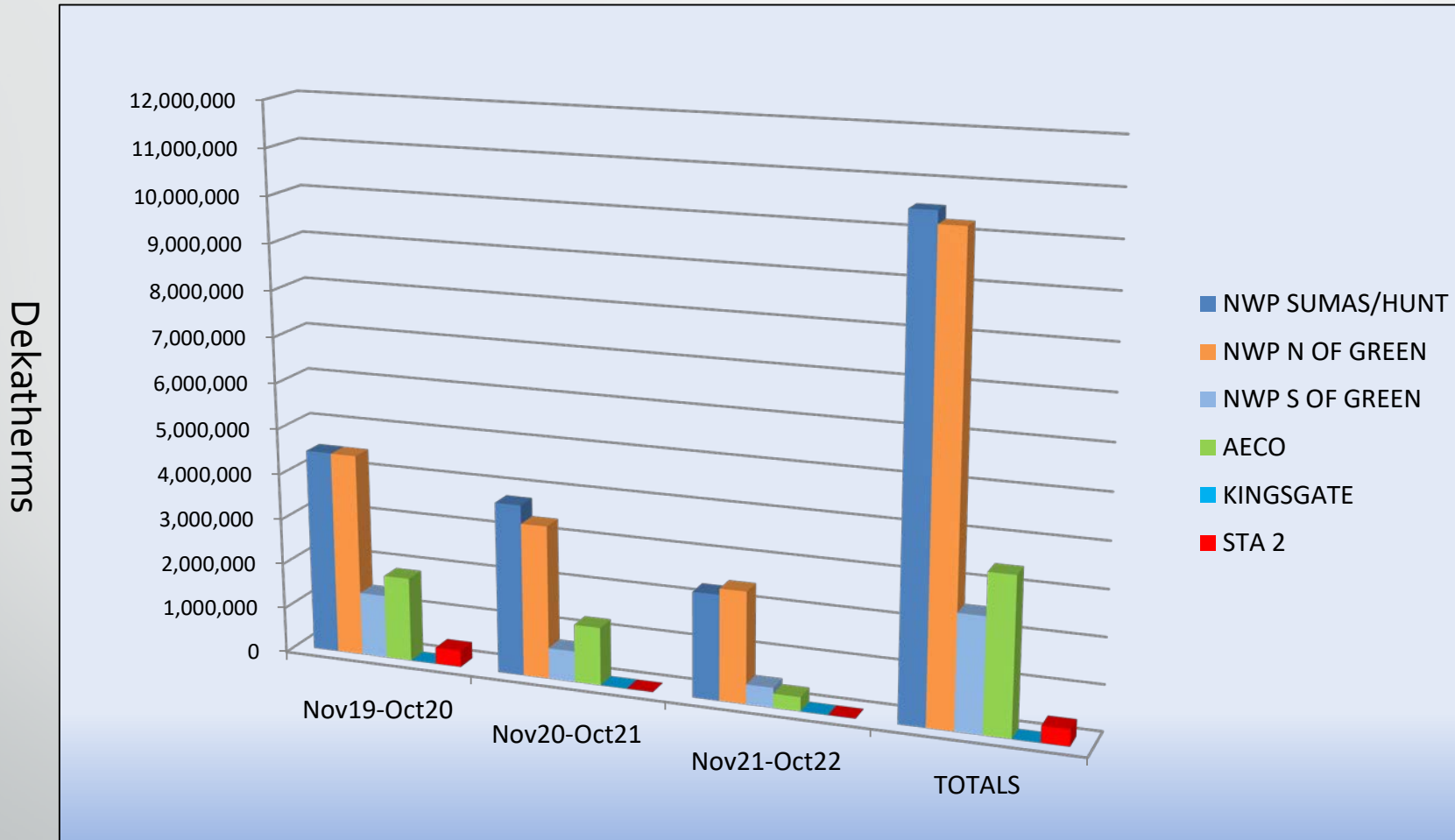




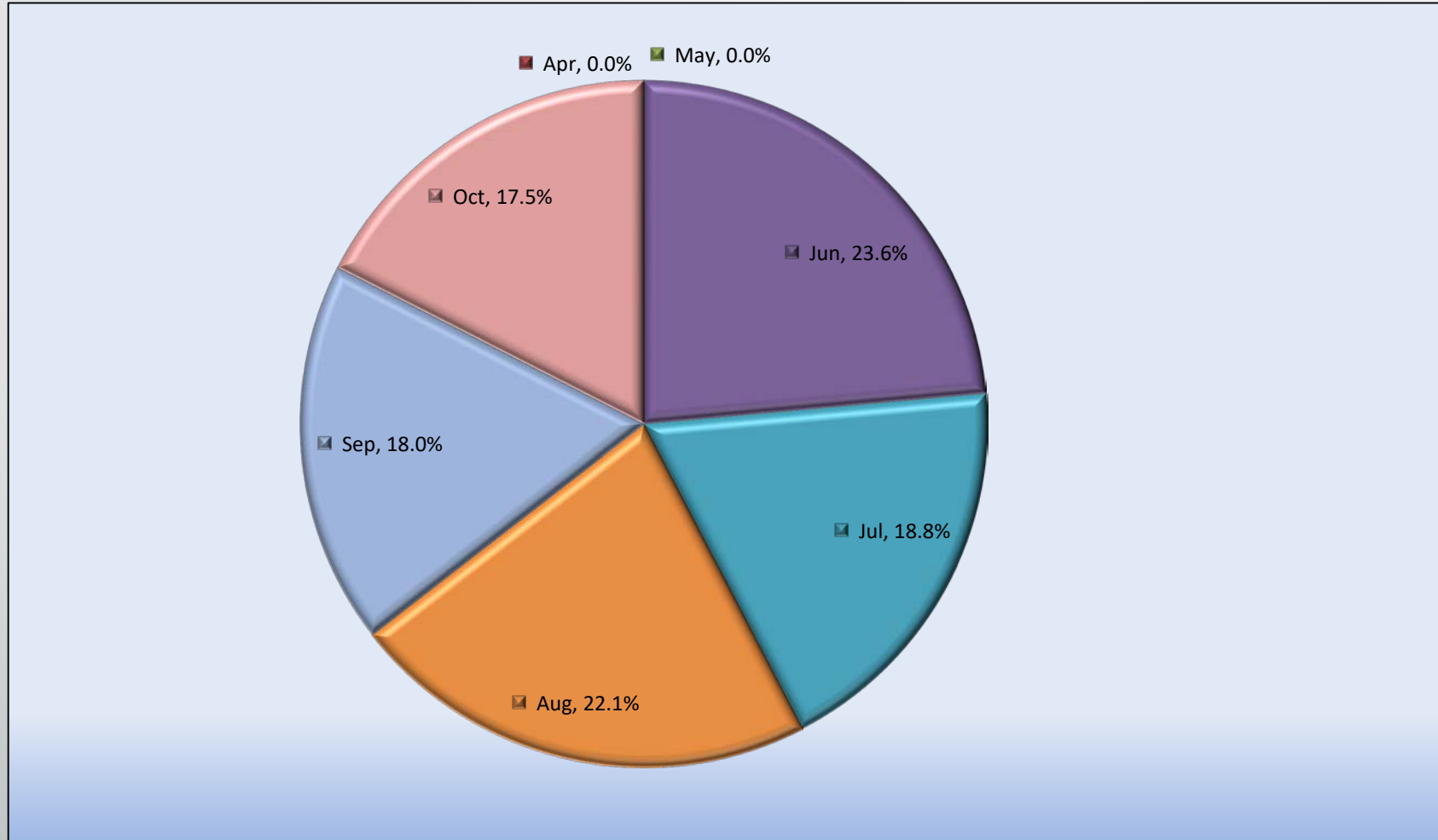
# HIGHLIGHTS FOR THE 2019 PORTFOLIO DESIGN

- PORTFOLIO PROCUREMENT DESIGN BASED ON A DECLINING PERCENTAGE EACH YEAR, ACCORDINGLY: Year 1: Approximately 80% of annual requirements; Year 2: 40%, Year 3: 20%.
  - 80% allows more flexibility operationally
  - Allows us to be in the market monthly through FOM purchase or Day Gas purchases
- Hedged Percentages (fixed-price physical) Currently max 60% of annual requirements. Second year max is set at 40%, and 20% hedged volumes for year three. GSOC bumped up the 1<sup>st</sup> year percentage to mitigate upside risk at Sumas/Hunt .
  - Cascade has executed on one Financial Swap in Year 2.
  - Hedging may need to be more flexible as policy develops
- CNGC's Gas Supply Oversight Committee (GSOC) would consider a modification of this plan if the outer year 3 year forward price is 20% higher/lower than the front month over a reasonably sustained period.
- Annual load expectation (Nov-Oct) is approximately 34,000,000 dths, consistent with recent load history.

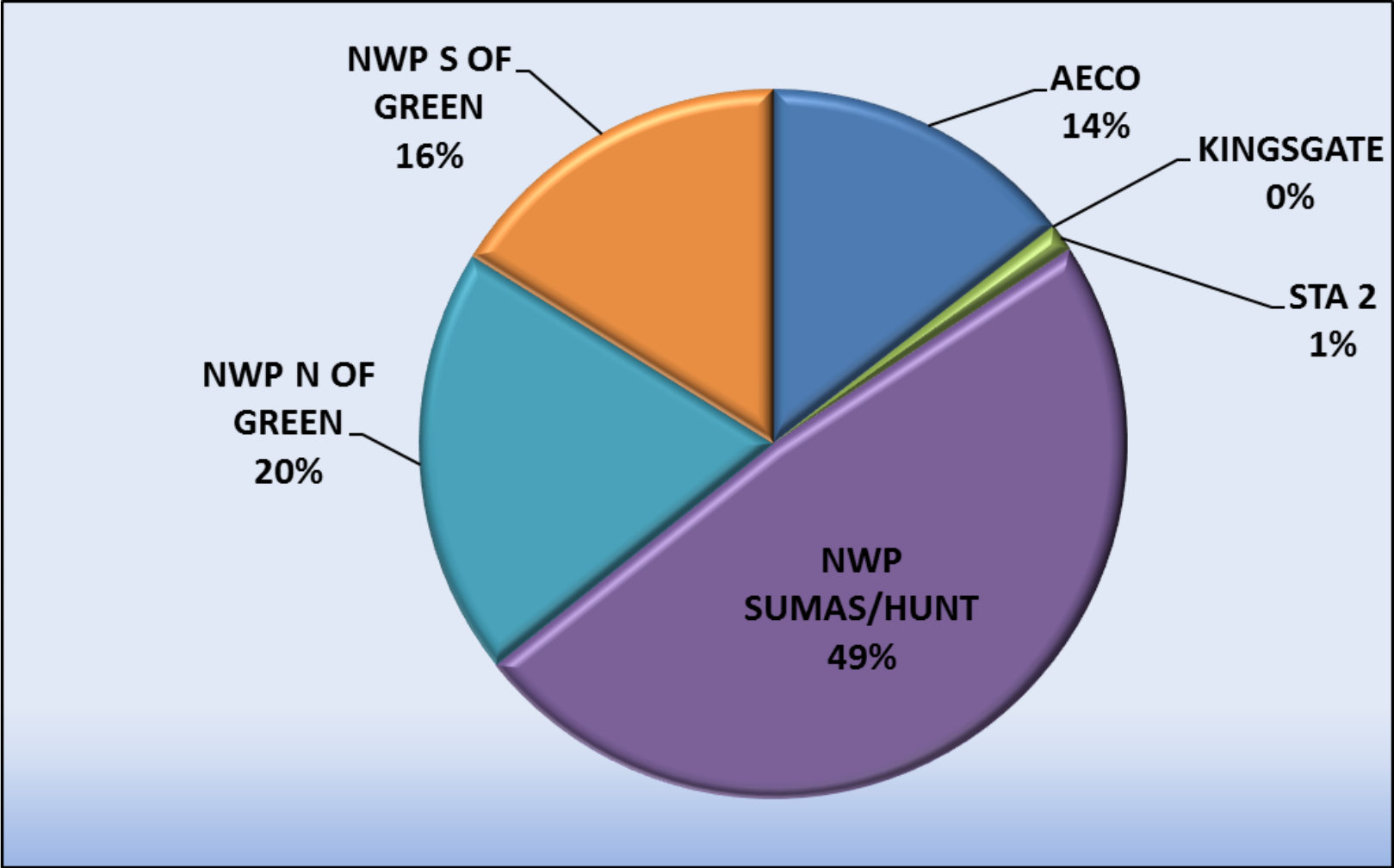
# Total RFPs



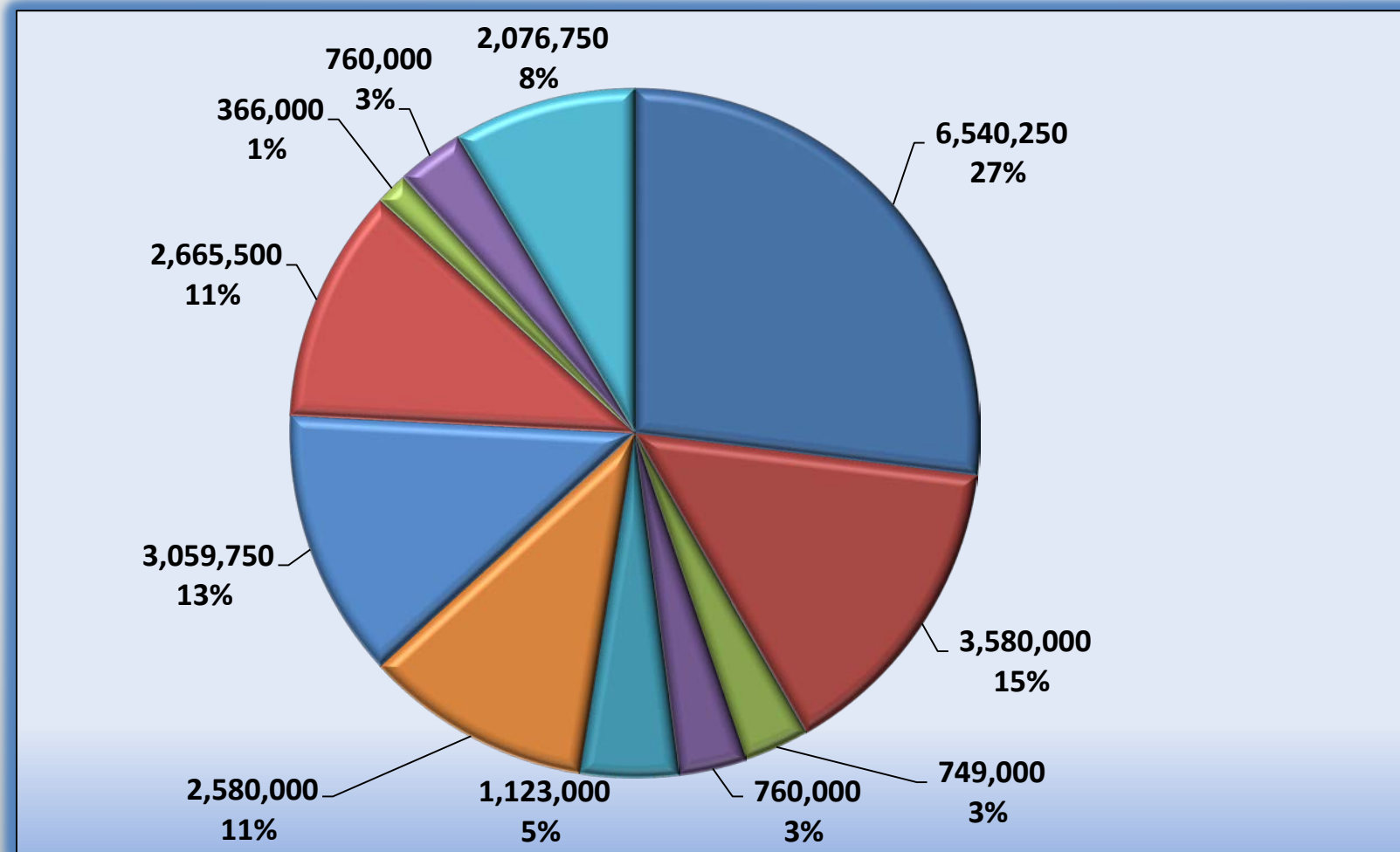
# RFP Percentage by Month



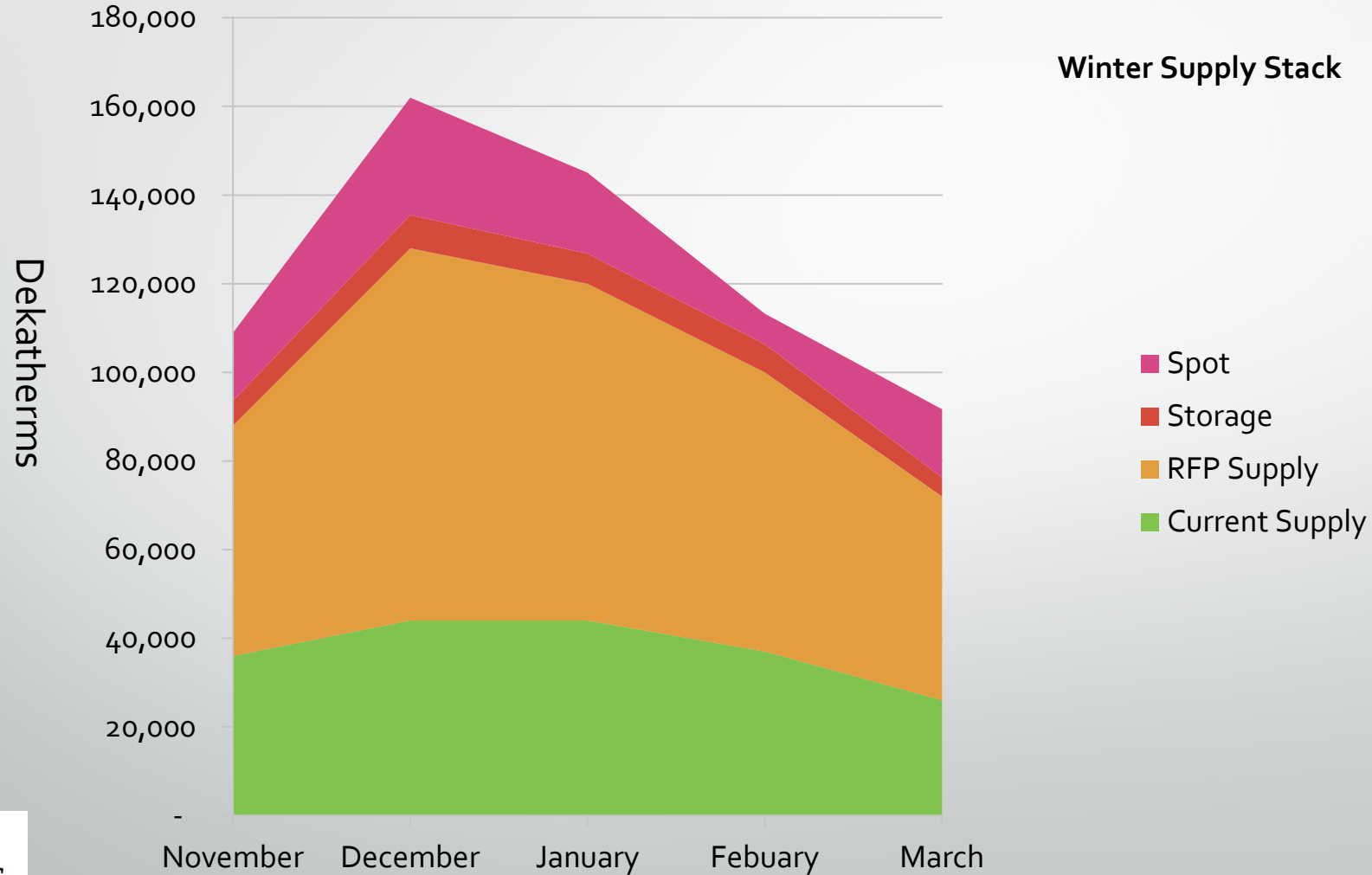
# RFP Percentage By Basin



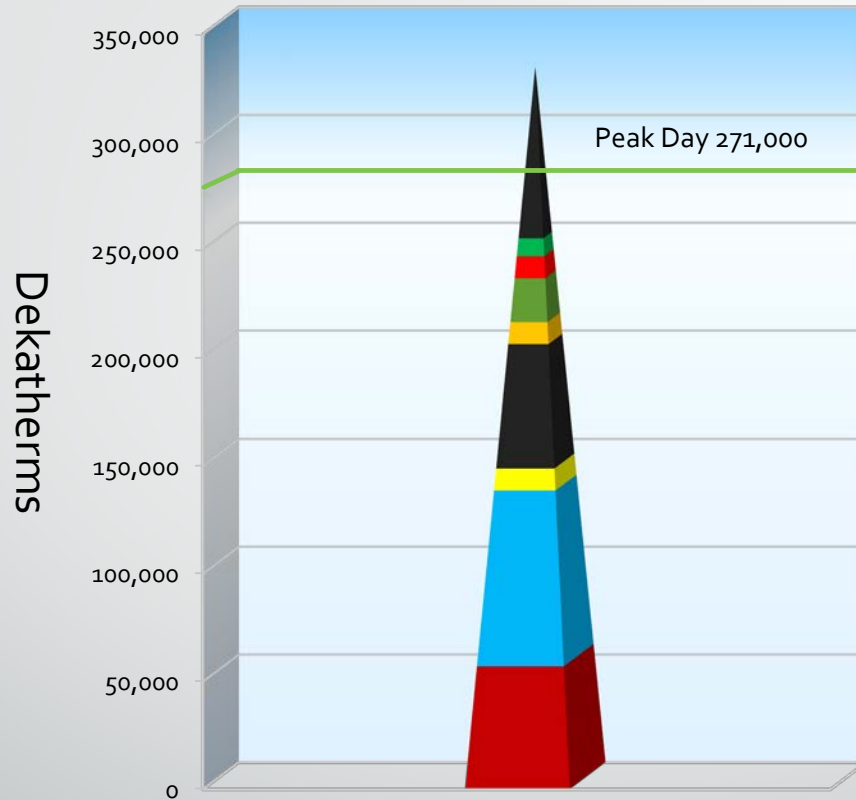
# Current Supply Percentage by Supplier



# Winter Supply Stack



# Peak Day Stack Example



Peak Day Stack Example

- 78,125 ■ LS Storage
- 8,156 ■ Pipeline Pack
- 10,000 ■ 3rd Party Citygate
- 20,000 ■ Peaking Deal
- 10,000 ■ Daily Spot Gas
- 56,366 ■ SGS Storage
- 10,000 ■ FOM Spot Gas
- 80,000 ■ RFP Supply
- 56,000 ■ Current Supply

# Planned Scenarios and Sensitivities



# SENDOUT® Model

- Cascade utilizes SENDOUT® for resource optimization.
- This model permits the Company to develop and analyze a variety of resource portfolios to help determine the type, size, and timing of resources best matched to forecast requirements.
- SENDOUT® is very powerful and complex. It operates by combining a series of existing and potential demand side and supply side resources, and optimizes their utilization at the lowest net present cost over the entire planning period for a given demand forecast.

# SENDOUT® Model Cont'd

- SENDOUT® utilizes a linear programming approach.
- The model knows the exact load and price for every day of the planning period based on the analyst's input and can therefore minimize costs in a way that would not be possible in the real world.
- Therefore, it is important to acknowledge that linear programming analysis provides helpful but not perfect information to guide decisions.

# Modeling Challenges

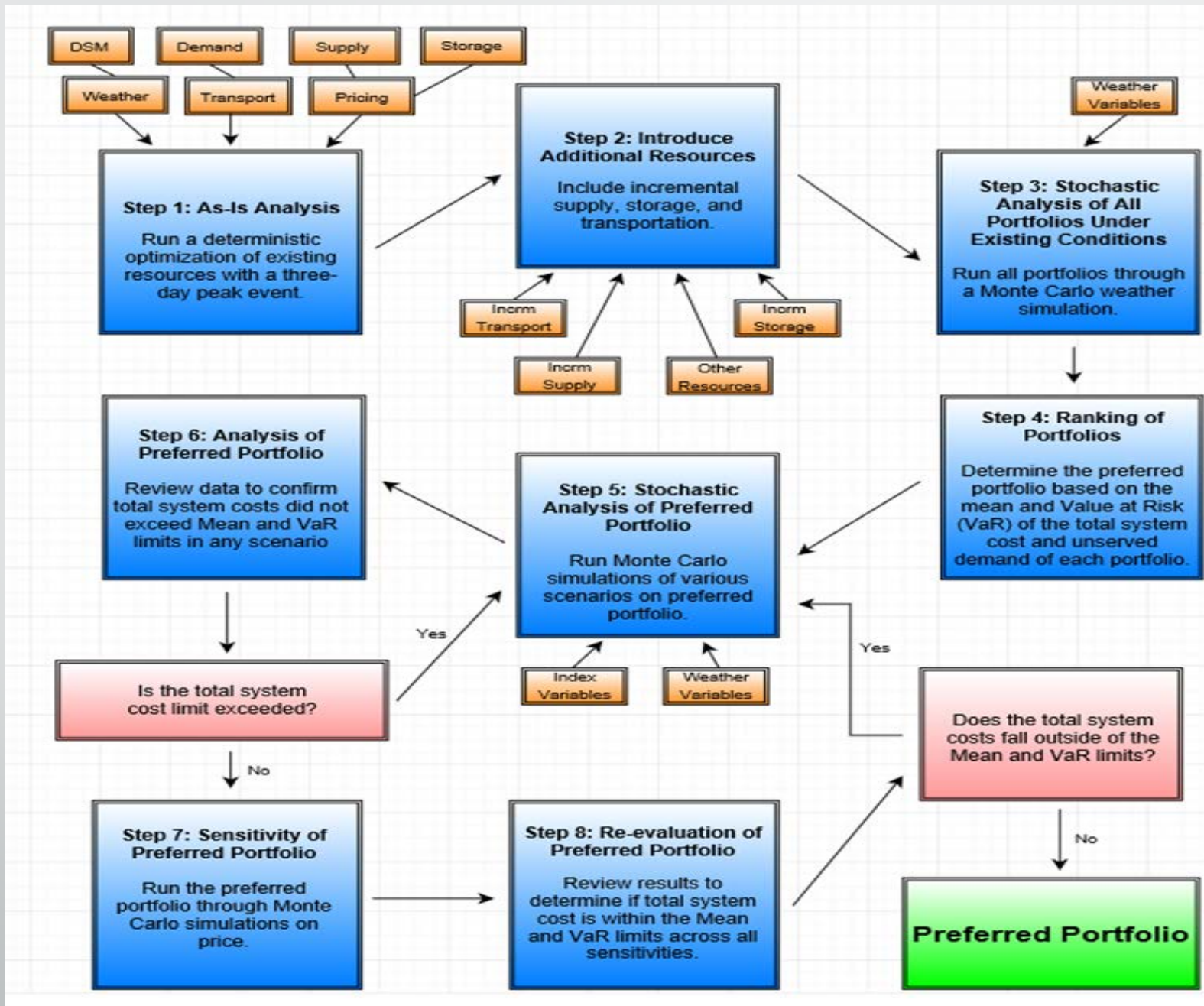
- Supply needs to get gas to the citygate.
- Many of Cascade's transport agreements were entered into decades ago, based on demand projections at that point in time.
- Sum of receipt quantity and aggregated delivery quantity can help identify resource deficiency depending on how rights are allocated.
- The aggregated look can mask individual citygate issues for looped sections, and the disaggregated look can create deficiencies where they don't exist.
- In many cases operational capacity is greater than contracted.
- SENDOUT® has perfect knowledge.

# Supply Resource Optimization Process

- **Step 1: As-Is Analysis**
  - Run a deterministic optimization of existing resources with a three-day peak event to uncover timing and quantity of resource deficiencies.
- **Step 2: Introduce Additional Resources**
  - Include incremental supply, storage, and transportation to derive a deterministic optimal portfolio, additional portfolios.
- **Step 3: Stochastic Analysis of All Portfolios Under Existing Conditions**
  - Run all portfolios through a Monte Carlo weather simulation, using expected growth, supply and storage accessibility. Record the probability distributions of total system costs for each portfolio.
- **Step 4: Ranking of Portfolios**
  - Determine the preferred portfolio based on the mean and Value at Risk (VaR) of the total system cost and unserved demand of each portfolio. This resource mix will be the best combination of cost and risk for Cascade and its customers.

# Supply Resource Optimization Process (Cont'd)

- **Step 5: Stochastic Analysis of Preferred Portfolio**
  - Run Monte Carlo simulations of various scenarios on preferred portfolio; comparing Mean and VaR to a managerial limit.
- **Step 6: Analysis of Preferred Portfolio**
  - Review data to confirm total system costs did not exceed Mean and VaR limits in any scenario. If limit is exceeded, repeat step 5 with next highest ranked portfolio.
- **Step 7: Sensitivity of Preferred Portfolio**
  - Run the preferred portfolio through Monte Carlo simulations on price. Review results to determine if total system cost is within the Mean and VaR limits across all sensitivities.
- **Step 8: Re-evaluation of Preferred Portfolio**
  - If the total system costs fall outside of the Mean and VaR limits in sensitivity analysis, select the next most optimal portfolio to run scenario and sensitivity analysis on. Repeat as needed.



Supply Resource Optimization Process Flow Chart

# Additional Preferred Portfolio Considerations

- Does it get supply to the citygate?
- Is it reliable?
- Does it have a long lead time?
- How much does it cost?
- New build vs. depreciated cost
- The rate pancake
- Is it a base load or peaking resource?
- How many dekatherms are needed?
- What is the “shape” of resource?
- Is it tried and true technology, new technology, or yet to be discovered?
- Who else will be competing for the resource?

# Scenarios and Sensitivities

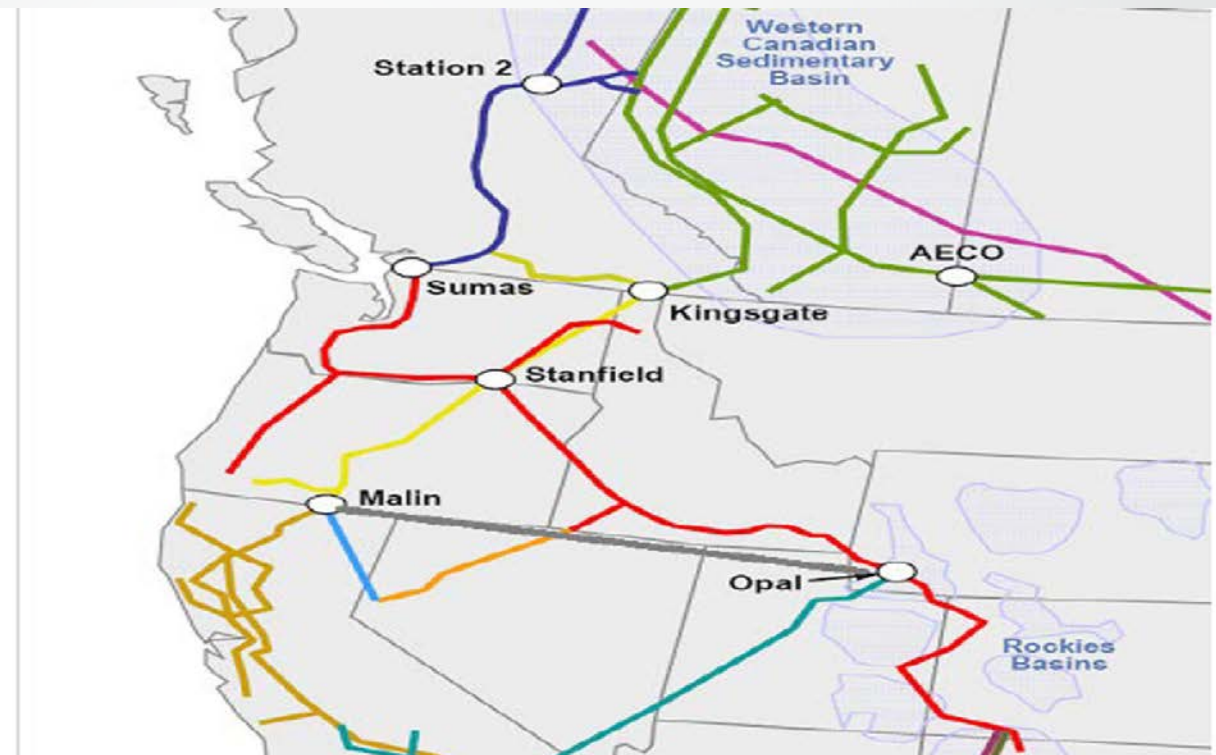
- Scenario:
  - Change in projected demand
  - Change in availability of existing resources to serve demand
  - Change in availability of supply
- Sensitivity:
  - Change in price forecast
  - Change in environmental adder
  - Change in carbon forecast

Both carry the same importance, failure to pass either of them can lead to a portfolio being rejected



# All In Case

KEY ELEMENTS IN SENDOUT SCENARIO		
Medium Load Growth, Medium Gas Price Forecast, Average weather with Peak Event. All elements considered. All items in <b>RED</b> mean those elements were excluded from the scenario. All items in <b>BLUE</b> mean those elements were dampened in the scenario.		
Current Station2	JP1	AECO Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak
Current NGTL	JP2	SUMAS Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak
Current GTN	JP3	ROCKIES Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak
Current NWP	JP4	HUNT Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S
Current Foothills	PLY-1	KINGSGATE Base
Current Ruby	PLY-2	OPAL Base
		STAT2 Base
<b>All In</b>	<i>Incremental NGTL</i>	<i>Ryckman Crk Storage</i>
	<i>Incremental GTN N-S</i>	<i>Gill Ranch Storage</i>
	<i>NWP I-5 Mainline EXP</i>	<i>Mist Storage</i>
	<i>Incremental Ruby</i>	<i>Wild Goose Storage</i>
	<i>NWP Wen lateral EXP</i>	<i>Aeco Hub Storage</i>
	<i>Incremental Foothills</i>	<i>Magnum Storage</i>
	<i>NWP Z20 lateral EXP</i>	<i>Clay Basin Storage</i>
	<i>T-South-So Crossing</i>	
	<i>Trails West (Palomar)</i>	
	<i>NWP East OR Mainline EXP</i>	
	<i>Incremental GTN S-N</i>	
	<i>Incremental Enbridge</i>	
	<i>Pacific Connector</i>	
		<i>Opal Incrm Supply</i>
		<i>BioNaturalGas</i>
		<i>Resource Mix - 3 Basins</i>



The All In Case run allows the Company to see what the model would select if all current and probable resources are available.

# Low Growth and High Growth

KEY ELEMENTS IN SENDOUT SCENARIO			
Low Load Growth, Medium Gas Price Forecast, Average weather with Peak Event. All elements considered. All items in <b>RED</b> mean those elements were excluded from the scenario. All items in <b>BLUE</b> mean those elements were dampened in the scenario.			
Low Growth	Current Station2	JP1	AECO Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak
	Current NGTL	JP2	SUMAS Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak
	Current GTN	JP3	ROCKIES Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak
	Current NWP	JP4	HUNT Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S
	Current Foothills	PLY-1	KINGSGATE Base
	Current Ruby	PLY-2	OPAL Base
			STAT2 Base
	<i>Incremental NGTL</i>	<i>Ryckman Crk Storage</i>	<i>Opal Incrm Supply</i>
	<i>Incremental GTN N-S</i>	<i>Gill Ranch Storage</i>	<i>BioNaturalGas</i>
	<i>NWP I-5 Mainline EXP</i>	<i>Mist Storage</i>	<i>Resource Mix - 3 Basins</i>
	<i>Incremental Ruby</i>	<i>Wild Goose Storage</i>	
	<i>NWP Wen lateral EXP</i>	<i>Aeco Hub Storage</i>	
	<i>Incremental Foothills</i>	<i>Magnum Storage</i>	
	<i>NWP Z20 lateral EXP</i>	<i>Clay Basin Storage</i>	
	<i>T-South-So Crossing</i>		
	<i>Trails West (Palomar)</i>		
	<i>NWP East OR Mainline EXP</i>		
	<i>Incremental GTN S-N</i>		
	<i>Incremental Enbridge</i>		
	<i>Pacific Connector</i>		

KEY ELEMENTS IN SENDOUT SCENARIO			
High Load Growth, Medium Gas Price Forecast, Average weather with Peak Event. All elements considered. All items in <b>RED</b> mean those elements were excluded from the scenario. All items in <b>BLUE</b> mean those elements were dampened in the scenario.			
High Growth	Current Station2	JP1	AECO Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak
	Current NGTL	JP2	SUMAS Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak
	Current GTN	JP3	ROCKIES Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak
	Current NWP	JP4	HUNT Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S
	Current Foothills	PLY-1	KINGSGATE Base
	Current Ruby	PLY-2	OPAL Base
			STAT2 Base
	<i>Incremental NGTL</i>	<i>Ryckman Crk Storage</i>	<i>Opal Incrm Supply</i>
	<i>Incremental GTN N-S</i>	<i>Gill Ranch Storage</i>	<i>BioNaturalGas</i>
	<i>NWP I-5 Mainline EXP</i>	<i>Mist Storage</i>	<i>Resource Mix - 3 Basins</i>
	<i>Incremental Ruby</i>	<i>Wild Goose Storage</i>	
	<i>NWP Wen lateral EXP</i>	<i>Aeco Hub Storage</i>	
	<i>Incremental Foothills</i>	<i>Magnum Storage</i>	
	<i>NWP Z20 lateral EXP</i>	<i>Clay Basin Storage</i>	
	<i>T-South-So Crossing</i>		
	<i>Trails West (Palomar)</i>		
	<i>NWP East OR Mainline EXP</i>		
	<i>Incremental GTN S-N</i>		
	<i>Incremental Enbridge</i>		
	<i>Pacific Connector</i>		

# Limit BC and Limit Alberta

KEY ELEMENTS IN SENDOUT SCENARIO			
Medium Load Growth, Medium Gas Price Forecast, Average weather with Peak Event. All elements considered. All items in <b>RED</b> mean those elements were excluded from the scenario. All items in <b>BLUE</b> mean those elements were dampened in the scenario.			
Limit BC	Current Station2	JP1	AECO Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak
	Current NGTL	JP2	SUMAS Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak
	Current GTN	JP3	ROCKIES Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak
	Current NWP	JP4	HUNT Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S
	Current Foothills	PLY-1	KINGSGATE Base
	Current Ruby	PLY-2	OPAL Base
			STAT2 Base
	Incremental NGTL	Ryckman Crk Storage	Opal Incrm Supply
	Incremental GTN N-S	Gill Ranch Storage	BioNaturalGas
	NWP I-5 Mainline EXP	Mist Storage	Resource Mix - 3 Basins
	Incremental Ruby	Wild Goose Storage	
	NWP Wen lateral EXP	Aeco Hub Storage	
	Incremental Foothills	Magnum Storage	
	NWP Z20 lateral EXP	Clay Basin Storage	
	T-South-So Crossing		
	Trails West (Palomar)		
	NWP East OR Mainline EXP		
	Incremental GTN S-N		
	Incremental Enbridge		
	Pacific Connector		

KEY ELEMENTS IN SENDOUT SCENARIO			
Medium Load Growth, Medium Gas Price Forecast, Average weather with Peak Event. All elements considered. All items in <b>RED</b> mean those elements were excluded from the scenario. All items in <b>BLUE</b> mean those elements were dampened in the scenario.			
Limit Alberta	Current Station2	JP1	AECO Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak
	Current NGTL	JP2	SUMAS Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak
	Current GTN	JP3	ROCKIES Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak
	Current NWP	JP4	HUNT Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S
	Current Foothills	PLY-1	KINGSGATE Base
	Current Ruby	PLY-2	OPAL Base
			STAT2 Base
	Incremental NGTL	Ryckman Crk Storage	Opal Incrm Supply
	Incremental GTN N-S	Gill Ranch Storage	BioNaturalGas
	NWP I-5 Mainline EXP	Mist Storage	Resource Mix - 3 Basins
	Incremental Ruby	Wild Goose Storage	
	NWP Wen lateral EXP	Aeco Hub Storage	
	Incremental Foothills	Magnum Storage	
	NWP Z20 lateral EXP	Clay Basin Storage	
	T-South-So Crossing		
	Trails West (Palomar)		
	NWP East OR Mainline EXP		
	Incremental GTN S-N		
	Incremental Enbridge		
	Pacific Connector		

# Limit Canada and Limit Rockies

KEY ELEMENTS IN SENDOUT SCENARIO			
Medium Load Growth, Medium Gas Price Forecast, Average weather with Peak Event. All elements considered. All items in <b>RED</b> mean those elements were excluded from the scenario. All items in <b>BLUE</b> mean those elements were dampened in the scenario.			
Limit Canada	Current Station2	JP1	<b>AECO Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak</b>
	Current NGTL	JP2	<b>SUMAS Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak</b>
	Current GTN	JP3	<b>ROCKIES Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak</b>
	Current NWP	JP4	<b>HUNT Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S</b>
	Current Foothills	PLY-1	<b>KINGSGATE Base</b>
	Current Ruby	PLY-2	<b>OPAL Base</b>
			<b>STAT2 Base</b>
	<i>Incremental NGTL</i>	<i>Ryckman Crk Storage</i>	<i>Opal Incrm Supply</i>
	<i>Incremental GTN N-S</i>	<i>Gill Ranch Storage</i>	<i>BioNaturalGas</i>
	<i>NWP I-5 Mainline EXP</i>	<i>Mist Storage</i>	<i>Resource Mix - 3 Basins</i>
	<i>Incremental Ruby</i>	<i>Wild Goose Storage</i>	
	<i>NWP Wen lateral EXP</i>	<i>Aeco Hub Storage</i>	
	<i>Incremental Foothills</i>	<i>Magnum Storage</i>	
	<i>NWP Z20 lateral EXP</i>	<i>Clay Basin Storage</i>	
	<i>T-South-So Crossing</i>		
	<i>Trails West (Palomar)</i>		
	<i>NWP East OR Mainline EXP</i>		
	<i>Incremental GTN S-N</i>		
	<i>Incremental Enbridge</i>		
	<i>Pacific Connector</i>		

KEY ELEMENTS IN SENDOUT SCENARIO			
Medium Load Growth, Medium Gas Price Forecast, Average weather with Peak Event. All elements considered. All items in <b>RED</b> mean those elements were excluded from the scenario. All items in <b>BLUE</b> mean those elements were dampened in the scenario.			
Limit Rockies	Current Station2	JP1	<b>AECO Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak</b>
	Current NGTL	JP2	<b>SUMAS Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak</b>
	Current GTN	JP3	<b>ROCKIES Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak</b>
	Current NWP	JP4	<b>HUNT Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S</b>
	Current Foothills	PLY-1	<b>KINGSGATE Base</b>
	Current Ruby	PLY-2	<b>OPAL Base</b>
			<b>STAT2 Base</b>
	<i>Incremental NGTL</i>	<i>Ryckman Crk Storage</i>	<i>Opal Incrm Supply</i>
	<i>Incremental GTN N-S</i>	<i>Gill Ranch Storage</i>	<i>BioNaturalGas</i>
	<i>NWP I-5 Mainline EXP</i>	<i>Mist Storage</i>	<i>Resource Mix - 3 Basins</i>
	<i>Incremental Ruby</i>	<i>Wild Goose Storage</i>	
	<i>NWP Wen lateral EXP</i>	<i>Aeco Hub Storage</i>	
	<i>Incremental Foothills</i>	<i>Magnum Storage</i>	
	<i>NWP Z20 lateral EXP</i>	<i>Clay Basin Storage</i>	
	<i>T-South-So Crossing</i>		
	<i>Trails West (Palomar)</i>		
	<i>NWP East OR Mainline EXP</i>		
	<i>Incremental GTN S-N</i>		
	<i>Incremental Enbridge</i>		
	<i>Pacific Connector</i>		

# Limit JP and Limit Ply Storage

KEY ELEMENTS IN SENDOUT SCENARIO			
Medium Load Growth, Medium Gas Price Forecast, Average weather with Peak Event. All elements considered. All items in <b>RED</b> mean those elements were excluded from the scenario. All items in <b>BLUE</b> mean those elements were dampened in the scenario.			
Limit Storage - JP	Current Station2	JP1	AECO Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak
	Current NGTL	JP2	SUMAS Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak
	Current GTN	JP3	ROCKIES Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak
	Current NWP	JP4	HUNT Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S
	Current Foothills	PLY-1	KINGSGATE Base
	Current Ruby	PLY-2	OPAL Base
			STAT2 Base
	<i>Incremental NGTL</i>	<i>Ryckman Crk Storage</i>	<i>Opal Incrm Supply</i>
	<i>Incremental GTN N-S</i>	<i>Gill Ranch Storage</i>	<i>BioNaturalGas</i>
	<i>NWP I-5 Mainline EXP</i>	<i>Mist Storage</i>	<i>Resource Mix - 3 Basins</i>
	<i>Incremental Ruby</i>	<i>Wild Goose Storage</i>	
	<i>NWP Wen lateral EXP</i>	<i>Aeco Hub Storage</i>	
	<i>Incremental Foothills</i>	<i>Magnum Storage</i>	
	<i>NWP Z20 lateral EXP</i>	<i>Clay Basin Storage</i>	
	<i>T-South-So Crossing</i>		
	<i>Trails West (Palomar)</i>		
	<i>NWP East OR Mainline EXP</i>		
	<i>Incremental GTN S-N</i>		
	<i>Incremental Enbridge</i>		
	<i>Pacific Connector</i>		

KEY ELEMENTS IN SENDOUT SCENARIO			
Medium Load Growth, Medium Gas Price Forecast, Average weather with Peak Event. All elements considered. All items in <b>RED</b> mean those elements were excluded from the scenario. All items in <b>BLUE</b> mean those elements were dampened in the scenario.			
Limit Storage - Ply	Current Station2	JP1	AECO Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak
	Current NGTL	JP2	SUMAS Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak
	Current GTN	JP3	ROCKIES Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak
	Current NWP	JP4	HUNT Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S
	Current Foothills	PLY-1	KINGSGATE Base
	Current Ruby	PLY-2	OPAL Base
			STAT2 Base
	<i>Incremental NGTL</i>	<i>Ryckman Crk Storage</i>	<i>Opal Incrm Supply</i>
	<i>Incremental GTN N-S</i>	<i>Gill Ranch Storage</i>	<i>BioNaturalGas</i>
	<i>NWP I-5 Mainline EXP</i>	<i>Mist Storage</i>	<i>Resource Mix - 3 Basins</i>
	<i>Incremental Ruby</i>	<i>Wild Goose Storage</i>	
	<i>NWP Wen lateral EXP</i>	<i>Aeco Hub Storage</i>	
	<i>Incremental Foothills</i>	<i>Magnum Storage</i>	
	<i>NWP Z20 lateral EXP</i>	<i>Clay Basin Storage</i>	
	<i>T-South-So Crossing</i>		
	<i>Trails West (Palomar)</i>		
	<i>NWP East OR Mainline EXP</i>		
	<i>Incremental GTN S-N</i>		
	<i>Incremental Enbridge</i>		
	<i>Pacific Connector</i>		

# Limit Both Storage and No JP

KEY ELEMENTS IN SENDOUT SCENARIO			
Medium Load Growth, Medium Gas Price Forecast, Average weather with Peak Event. All elements considered. All items in <b>RED</b> mean those elements were excluded from the scenario. All items in <b>BLUE</b> mean those elements were dampened in the scenario.			
Limit Storage - Both	Current Station2	JP1	AECO Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak
	Current NGTL	JP2	SUMAS Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak
	Current GTN	JP3	ROCKIES Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak
	Current NWP	JP4	HUNT Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S
	Current Foothills	PLY-1	KINGSGATE Base
	Current Ruby	PLY-2	OPAL Base
			STAT2 Base
	Incremental NGTL	Ryckman Crk Storage	Opal Incrm Supply
	Incremental GTN N-S	Gill Ranch Storage	BioNaturalGas
	NWP I-5 Mainline EXP	Mist Storage	Resource Mix - 3 Basins
	Incremental Ruby	Wild Goose Storage	
	NWP Wen lateral EXP	Aeco Hub Storage	
	Incremental Foothills	Magnum Storage	
	NWP Z20 lateral EXP	Clay Basin Storage	
	T-South-So Crossing		
	Trails West (Palomar)		
	NWP East OR Mainline EXP		
	Incremental GTN S-N		
	Incremental Enbridge		
	Pacific Connector		

KEY ELEMENTS IN SENDOUT SCENARIO			
Medium Load Growth, Medium Gas Price Forecast, Average weather with Peak Event. All elements considered. All items in <b>RED</b> mean those elements were excluded from the scenario. All items in <b>BLUE</b> mean those elements were dampened in the scenario.			
No Storage - JP	Current Station2	JP1	AECO Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak
	Current NGTL	JP2	SUMAS Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak
	Current GTN	JP3	ROCKIES Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak
	Current NWP	JP4	HUNT Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S
	Current Foothills	PLY-1	KINGSGATE Base
	Current Ruby	PLY-2	OPAL Base
			STAT2 Base
	Incremental NGTL	Ryckman Crk Storage	Opal Incrm Supply
	Incremental GTN N-S	Gill Ranch Storage	BioNaturalGas
	NWP I-5 Mainline EXP	Mist Storage	Resource Mix - 3 Basins
	Incremental Ruby	Wild Goose Storage	
	NWP Wen lateral EXP	Aeco Hub Storage	
	Incremental Foothills	Magnum Storage	
	NWP Z20 lateral EXP	Clay Basin Storage	
	T-South-So Crossing		
	Trails West (Palomar)		
	NWP East OR Mainline EXP		
	Incremental GTN S-N		
	Incremental Enbridge		
	Pacific Connector		

# No Ply Storage and No Storage

KEY ELEMENTS IN SENDOUT SCENARIO			
Medium Load Growth, Medium Gas Price Forecast, Average weather with Peak Event. All elements considered. All items in <b>RED</b> mean those elements were excluded from the scenario. All items in <b>BLUE</b> mean those elements were dampened in the scenario.			
No Storage - Ply	Current Station2	JP1	AECO Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak
	Current NGTL	JP2	SUMAS Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak
	Current GTN	JP3	ROCKIES Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak
	Current NWP	JP4	HUNT Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S
	Current Foothills	PLY-1	KINGSGATE Base
	Current Ruby	PLY-2	OPAL Base
			STAT2 Base
	<i>Incremental NGTL</i>	<i>Ryckman Crk Storage</i>	<i>Opal Incrm Supply</i>
	<i>Incremental GTN N-S</i>	<i>Gill Ranch Storage</i>	<i>BioNaturalGas</i>
	<i>NWP I-5 Mainline EXP</i>	<i>Mist Storage</i>	<i>Resource Mix - 3 Basins</i>
	<i>Incremental Ruby</i>	<i>Wild Goose Storage</i>	
	<i>NWP Wen lateral EXP</i>	<i>Aeco Hub Storage</i>	
	<i>Incremental Foothills</i>	<i>Magnum Storage</i>	
	<i>NWP Z20 lateral EXP</i>	<i>Clay Basin Storage</i>	
	<i>T-South-So Crossing</i>		
	<i>Trails West (Palomar)</i>		
	<i>NWP East OR Mainline EXP</i>		
	<i>Incremental GTN S-N</i>		
	<i>Incremental Enbridge</i>		
	<i>Pacific Connector</i>		

KEY ELEMENTS IN SENDOUT SCENARIO			
Medium Load Growth, Medium Gas Price Forecast, Average weather with Peak Event. All elements considered. All items in <b>RED</b> mean those elements were excluded from the scenario. All items in <b>BLUE</b> mean those elements were dampened in the scenario.			
No Storage - Both	Current Station2	JP1	AECO Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak
	Current NGTL	JP2	SUMAS Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak
	Current GTN	JP3	ROCKIES Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S, Peak
	Current NWP	JP4	HUNT Base/Fixed, Winter, Day W/S
	Current Foothills	PLY-1	KINGSGATE Base
	Current Ruby	PLY-2	OPAL Base
			STAT2 Base
	<i>Incremental NGTL</i>	<i>Ryckman Crk Storage</i>	<i>Opal Incrm Supply</i>
	<i>Incremental GTN N-S</i>	<i>Gill Ranch Storage</i>	<i>BioNaturalGas</i>
	<i>NWP I-5 Mainline EXP</i>	<i>Mist Storage</i>	<i>Resource Mix - 3 Basins</i>
	<i>Incremental Ruby</i>	<i>Wild Goose Storage</i>	
	<i>NWP Wen lateral EXP</i>	<i>Aeco Hub Storage</i>	
	<i>Incremental Foothills</i>	<i>Magnum Storage</i>	
	<i>NWP Z20 lateral EXP</i>	<i>Clay Basin Storage</i>	
	<i>T-South-So Crossing</i>		
	<i>Trails West (Palomar)</i>		
	<i>NWP East OR Mainline EXP</i>		
	<i>Incremental GTN S-N</i>		
	<i>Incremental Enbridge</i>		
	<i>Pacific Connector</i>		

# Sensitivities Analyses

Sensitivities		Assumpitons
Price	High	Medium Load Growth, Average Weather with Peak Event, High Gas Price Environment
	Low	Medium Load Growth, Average Weather with Peak Event, Low Gas Price Environment
Env. Adder	0%	Medium Load Growth, Average Weather with Peak Event, Medium Gas Price Environment with No Adder for Unknown Regulatory Impacts
	20%	Medium Load Growth, Average Weather with Peak Event, Medium Gas Price Environment with 20% Adder for Unknown Regulatory Impacts
	30%	Medium Load Growth, Average Weather with Peak Event, Medium Gas Price Environment with 30% Adder for Unknown Regulatory Impacts
Carbon Adder	Various	Medium Load Growth, Average Weather with Peak Event, Medium Gas Price Environment with Various Potential Carbon Futures Modeled

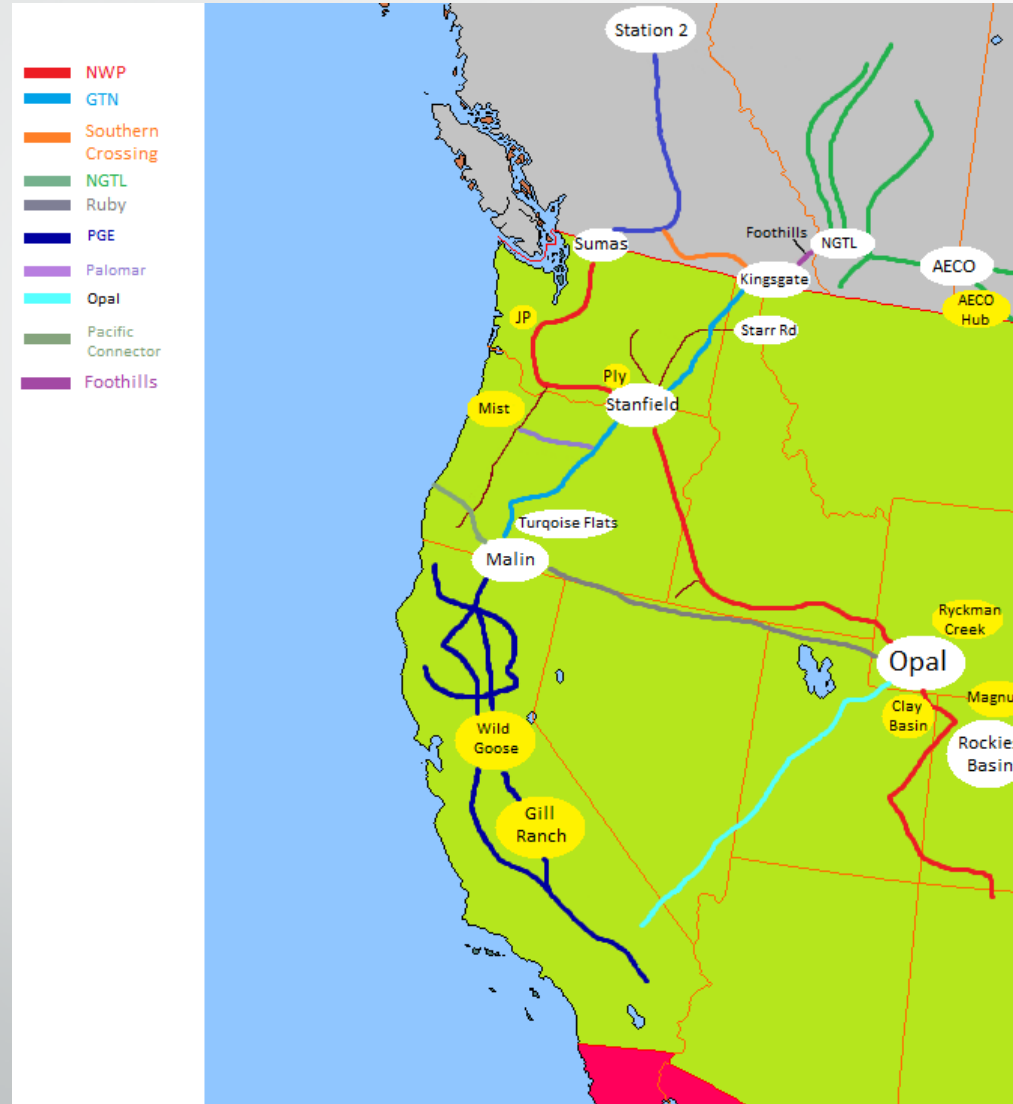


# Alternative Resources

# Major resource issues on the horizon

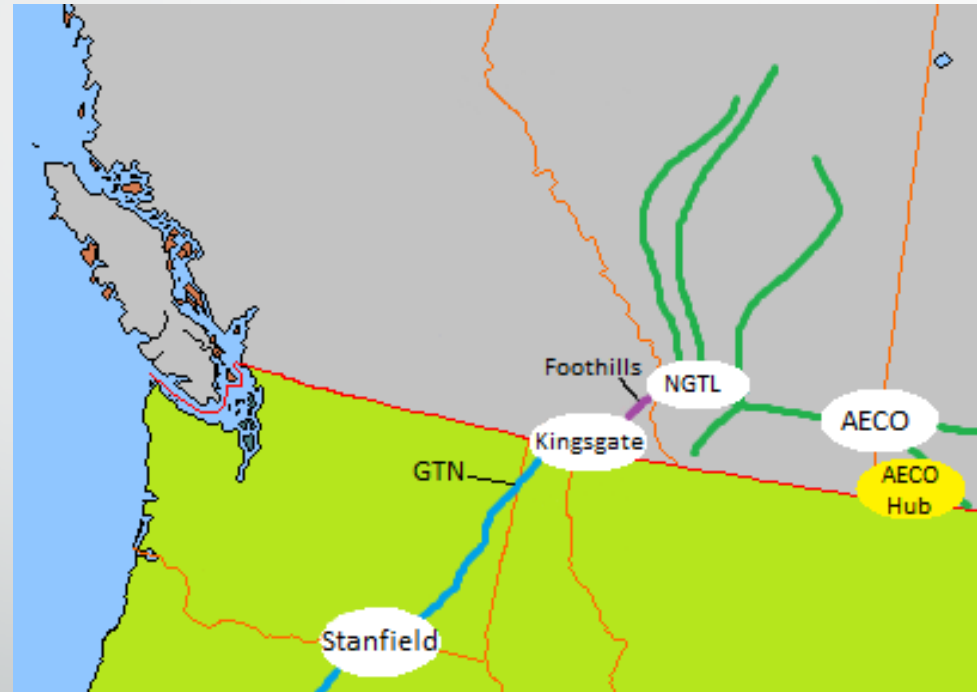
- Once a deficiency is identified, Cascade must analyze potential solutions to ensure service over the planning horizon.
- Conversations with partners at various pipelines, storage facilities, new supply sources.
- SENDOUT® is used to ultimately derive the optimal mix of resources, referred to as the “preferred portfolio.”

# Location of Current & Alternative Resources



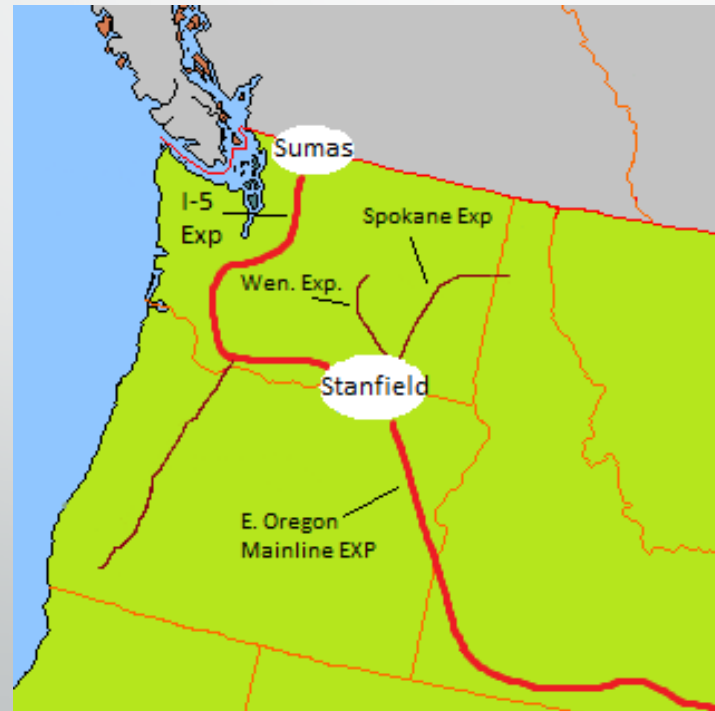
# Incremental Transport – North to South

- Incremental NGTL – Additional capacity to move gas from AECO basin to Alberta/BC border
- Incremental Foothills – Additional capacity to move gas from Alberta/BC border to Kingsgate
- Incremental GTN N/S – Additional capacity to move gas from Kingsgate to various citygates along GTN



# Incremental Transport – Northwest Pipeline

- I-5 Mainline Expansion – Additional capacity to move gas along I-5 corridor in western Washington
- Wenatchee Lateral Expansion – Additional capacity to move gas along Wenatchee Lateral to central Washington
- Spokane Lateral Expansion – Additional capacity to move gas along Spokane Lateral to eastern Washington
- Eastern Oregon Mainline Expansion – Additional capacity to move gas along Eastern Oregon Lateral to Oregon citygates



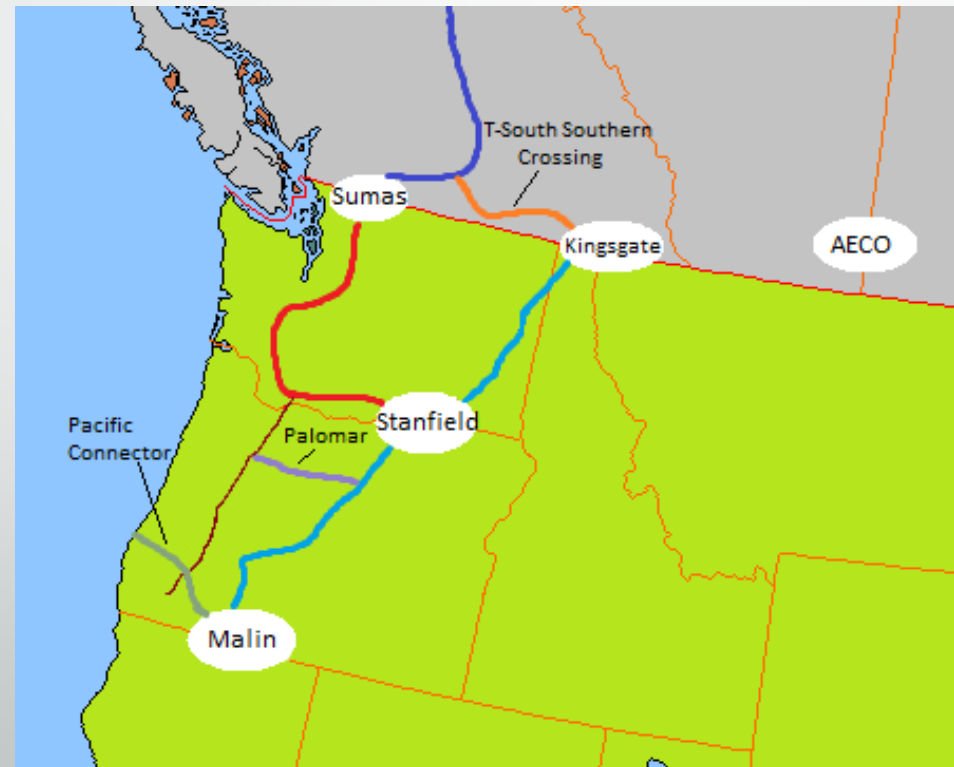
# Incremental Transport – South to North

- Incremental Opal– Additional capacity to move gas from Utah to Opal
- Incremental GTN S/N – Additional capacity to move gas from Turquoise Flats to various citygates along GTN
- Incremental Ruby – Additional capacity to move gas from Rockies Basin to Turquoise Flats



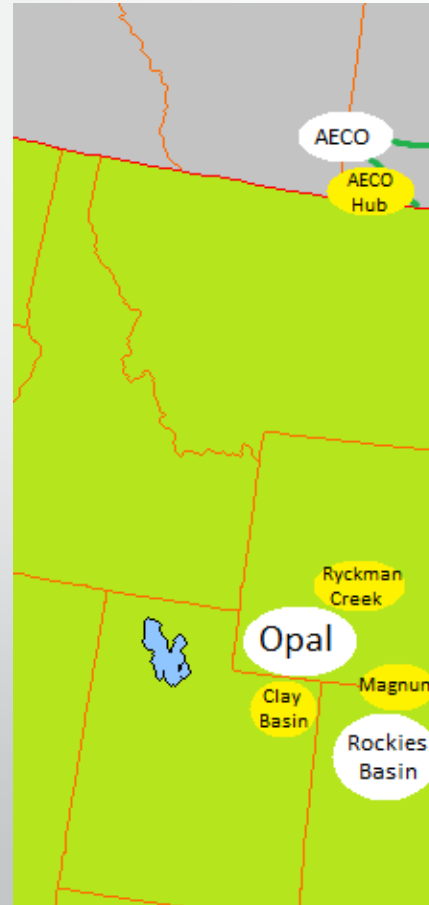
# Incremental Transport – Bilateral

- T-South Southern Crossing – Price arbitrage opportunity to move gas between Sumas and AECO basins bilaterally
- Trails West (Palomar) – Additional capacity to move Rockies gas to the I-5 corridor
- Pacific Connector – Pipeline that will feed LNG facility on Oregon coast, increasing liquidity at Malin



# Incremental Storage - North and East

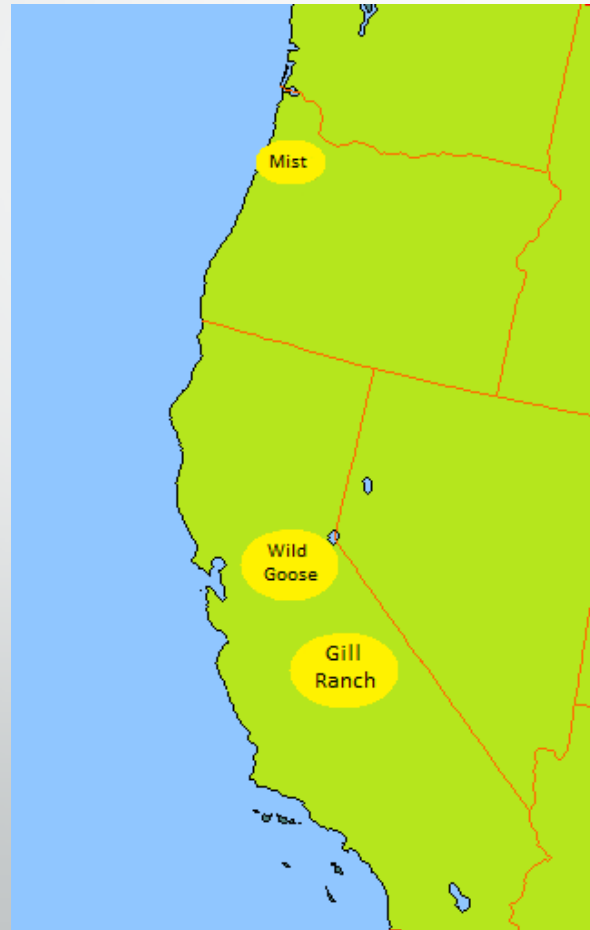
- Ryckman Creek Storage – Additional storage in southwest Wyoming serving the system, primarily Oregon
- Magnum Storage – Additional storage near Rocky Mountains, serving the system, primarily Oregon
- AECO Hub Storage – Additional storage near AECO Hub, serving the system
- Clay Basin Storage – Additional storage near Opal





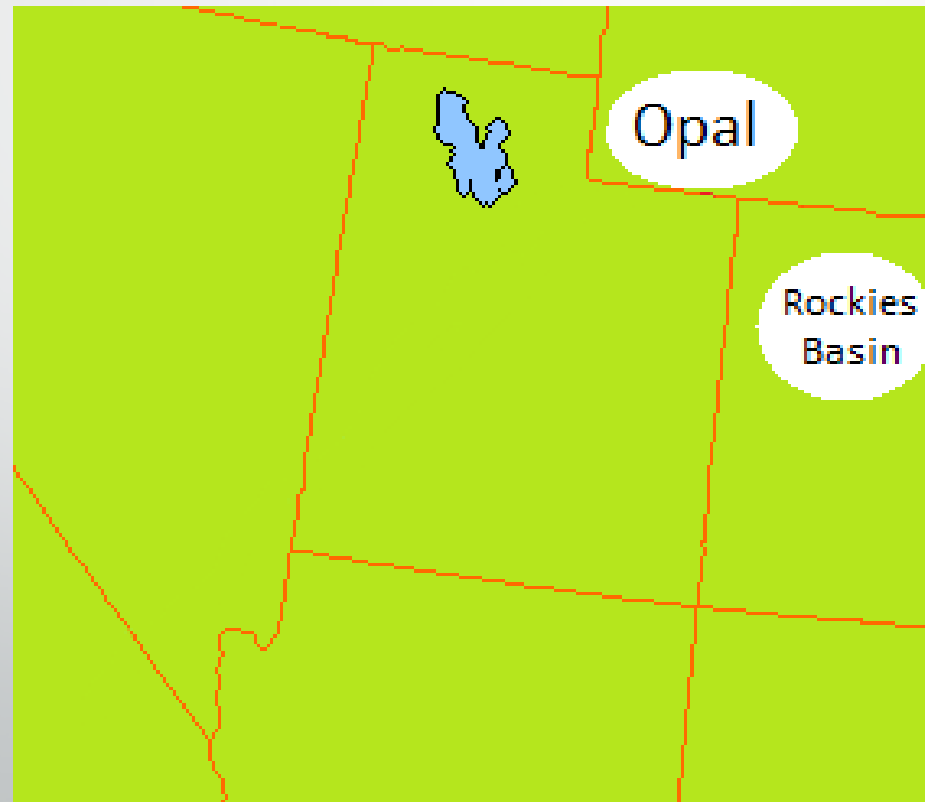
# Incremental Storage - South and West

- Gill Ranch Storage – Additional storage in central California, serving the system, primarily Oregon
- Mist Storage – Additional storage in northern Oregon, serving the system, primarily Washington
- Wild Goose Storage – Additional storage in northern California, serving the system, primarily Oregon



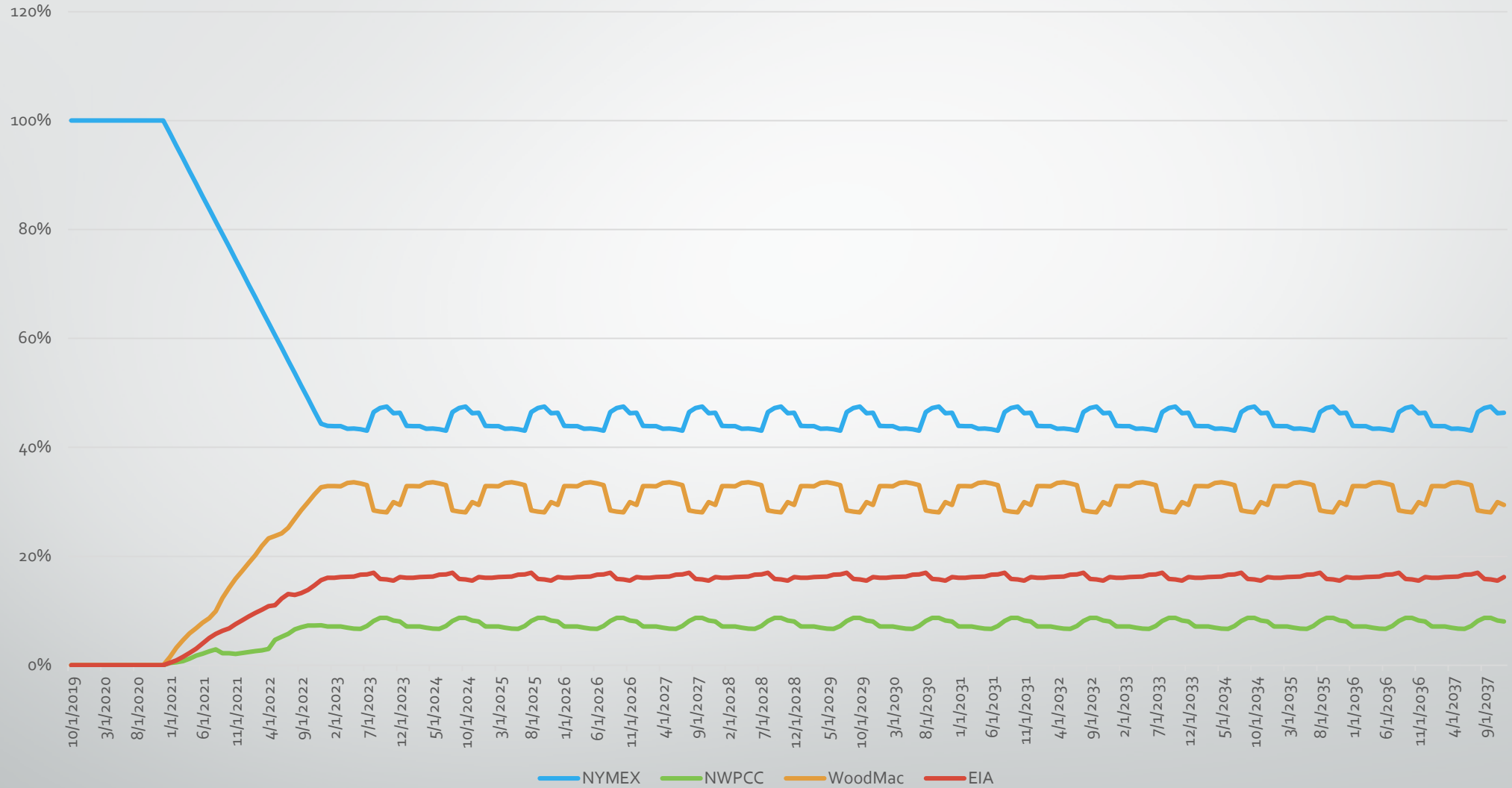
# Incremental Supplies

- Incremental Opal Supply – Additional supply around the Rockies Basin
- Renewable Natural Gas – Incremental biogas supply directly to distribution system

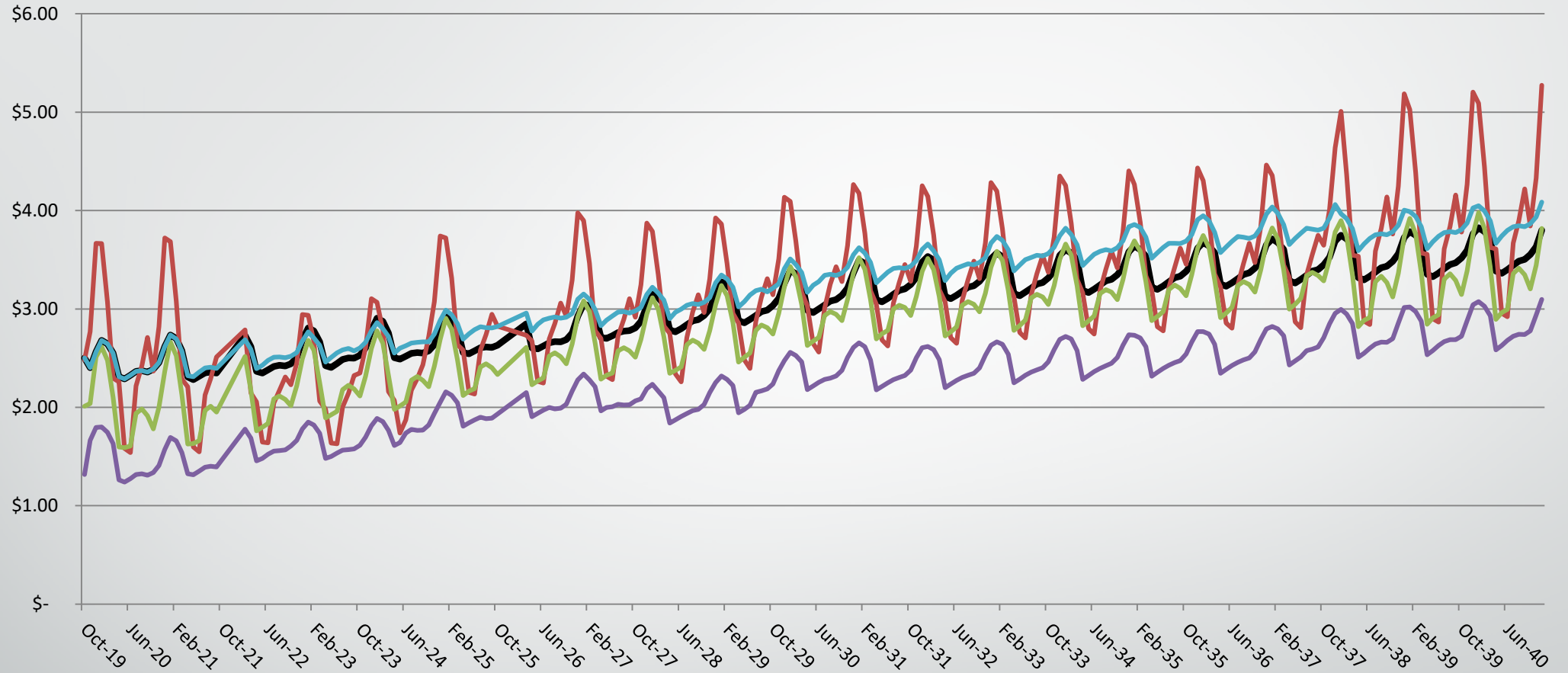


# Price Forecast Results

## Interpolated Age Dampened Final Weights



## CNGC Price Forecast as of 09/30/2019



— NYMEX CURRENT MARKET 
 — SUMAS CASCADE FORECAST PRICE 
 — ROCKIES CASCADE FORECAST PRICE 
 — AECO CASCADE FORECAST PRICE 
 — NYMEX CASCADE PROJECTED PRICE

# Avoided Cost Methodology and Calculation

# Avoided Cost Overview

- As part of the IRP process, Cascade produces a 20-year price forecast and 45 years of avoided costs.
- The avoided cost is an estimated cost to serve the next unit of demand with a supply side resource option at a point in time. This incremental cost to serve represents the cost that could be avoided through energy conservation.
- The avoided cost forecast can be used as a guideline for comparing energy conservation with the cost of acquiring and transporting natural gas to meet demand.

# Avoided Cost Overview

- For the 2020 IRP, Cascade has continued to evolve its avoided cost formula to create a more transparent and intuitive final number.
  - Cascade has also calculated distribution system costs and a risk premium for the first time in the 2020 OR IRP
- Cascade evaluates the impact that a range of environmental externalities, including CO<sub>2</sub> emission prices, would have on the avoided costs in terms of cost adders and supply costs.
- The Company produces an expected avoided cost case based on peak day and, in the case of distribution system costs, peak hour.



# Avoided Cost Formula

The components that go into Cascade's avoided cost calculation are as follows:

$$AC_{nominal} = TC_v + SC_v + ((CC + C_{tax}) * E_{adder}) + DSC + RP$$

Where

- $AC_{nominal}$  = The nominal avoided cost for a given year. To put this into real dollars you must apply the following:  $\text{Avoided Cost} / (1 + \text{inflation rate})^{\text{Years from the reference year}}$ .
- $TC_v$  = Variable Transportation Costs
- $SC_v$  = Variable Storage Costs
- $CC$  = Commodity Costs
- $C_{tax}$  = Carbon Tax
- $E_{adder}$  = Environmental Adder, as recommended by the Northwest Power and Conservation Council
- $DSC$  = Distribution System Costs
- $RP$  = Risk Premium

# Methodology

- Transportation costs are pulled directly from the major pipelines that Cascade utilizes (NWP, GTN, Enbridge, Ruby, Nova Gas Transmission (NGTL) and Foothills).
- Storage costs are only captured if there is an avoidable future storage cost (ie. On system storage).
- Commodity Costs are taken from Cascade's 20-year price forecast.
- Risk Premium is the cost associated with hedging.
- Distribution System Costs only look at costs associated with growth. Pipeline integrity cannot be avoided.

# Methodology - Carbon

- Modeling carbon compliance costs is a challenge because the future of carbon is uncertain.
- As discussed during scenarios and sensitivities, Cascade will model the impact of a variety of potential carbon pathways.
- Cascade's primary carbon forecast is based on the California Cap and Trade marketplace. This is not an endorsement of this policy, but rather a qualitative assessment of what the resource planning team believes is the most probable carbon future in the state of Oregon.

# Methodology – Distribution System Costs

- Cascade’s distribution system costs are calculated as a function of the Company’s authorized margin, weighted by the load share of each rate class.
  - Authorized margin is defined as the applicable cost of service including authorized rate of return.
- The weighted margin number is then multiplied by the percentage of projects of Cascade budgeted projects specifically related to growth.
- Since Avoided Cost is based on peak day, the margin calculation is then multiplied by the ratio of peak day demand to an average day’s demand to get the margin impact on peak day.
- Distribution system analysis is concerned with the pressure during peak hour, so the daily number must then be multiplied by the ratio of peak hour demand to that day’s total demand.

# Example of Distribution Cost Calculation

Data Item	Value
Weighted Margin (Dth)	0.084967
* Growth Share (37%)	0.031438
*Peak Day Impact (Peak Demand/Average Demand)	0.119075
*Peak Hour Impact (Peak Hour/Peak Day Demand)	0.006112

# Methodology – Risk Premium

- Cascade defines risk premium as the additional cost the Company would have to pay for a fixed price to fully hedge its portfolio versus open market FOM prices.
- Theoretical fixed pricing comes from the company's AMA Partner, Tenaska Marketing Ventures.
- Pricing is received at all three basins Cascade purchases gas from, and then blended based on expected supply needs at the basins.
- Following regional best practices, if this value is negative the Company records the risk premium as zero, as described in the following table.

# 2020 Avoided Cost Risk Premium

Year #	Calendar Year	Risk Reduction Value (Real \$/Dth)
1	2020	-\$0.159
2	2021	-\$0.139
3	2022	-\$0.108
4	2023	-\$0.067
5	2024	-\$0.104
6	2025	-\$0.245
7	2026	-\$0.301
8	2027	-\$0.221
9	2028	-\$0.109
10	2029	-\$0.078
11	2030	-\$0.105
12	2031	-\$0.069
13	2032	\$0.000
14	2033	-\$0.001
15	2034	-\$0.016
16	2035	-\$0.030
17	2036	-\$0.057
18	2037	-\$0.141
19	2038	-\$0.459
20	2039	-\$0.304

# Avoided Cost - Conclusion

- Cascade has filed its new avoided cost inputs as a proposed alternative in its UM 1893 filing.
- Cascade has also provided current avoided cost inputs to the Energy Trust of Oregon, who will be sending back a conservation potential assessment based on these inputs.
- Annualized avoided cost in real 2019 dollars range from \$2.49/dth in a non-carbon environment to \$7.93 in a carbon environment in 2040.



# 2020 IRP Remaining Schedule

Date (Subject to change)	State	Process Element	Location (Subject to change)	Notes
Wednesday, January 8, 2020	OR	TAG 4 slides distributed to stakeholders		
<b>Wednesday, January 15, 2020</b>	<b>OR</b>	<b>TAG 4 Carbon Impacts, Conservation (Energy Trust of Oregon), Bio-Natural Gas, Preliminary Resource Integration Results.</b>	<b>Portland, OR - 9 am to 3 pm</b>	
Wednesday, March 4, 2020	OR	TAG 5 slides distributed to stakeholders		
<b>Wednesday, March 11, 2020</b>	<b>OR</b>	<b>TAG 5: Final Integration Results, finalization of plan components, Proposed new 4-year Action Plan.</b>	<b>Salem, OR - 9 am to 12 pm</b>	<b>Meadow room at OPUC Offices</b>
Tuesday, May 12, 2020	OR	Draft of 2020 OR IRP distributed		
Friday, June 12, 2020	OR	Comments due on draft from all stakeholders		
Tuesday, June 30, 2020	OR	TAG 6, if needed	WebEx Only	
Friday, July 31, 2020	OR	IRP filing in Oregon		

# ADDITIONAL QUESTIONS?

Mark Sellers-Vaughn – Manager, Supply Resource Planning: (509) 734-4589  
[mark.sellers-vaughn@cngc.com](mailto:mark.sellers-vaughn@cngc.com)

Brian Robertson – Supervisor, Resource Planning: (509) 734-4546  
[brian.robertson@cngc.com](mailto:brian.robertson@cngc.com)

Devin McGreal – Resource Planning Analyst II: (509) 734-4681  
[devin.mcgreal@cngc.com](mailto:devin.mcgreal@cngc.com)

Ashton Davis – Resource Planning Analyst I: (509) 734-4520  
[ashton.davis@cngc.com](mailto:ashton.davis@cngc.com)

Resource Planning Team Email – [irp@cngc.com](mailto:irp@cngc.com)

Bruce Folsom - Consultant

# Cascade Natural Gas Corporation

## 2020 Integrated Resource Plan Technical Advisory Group Meeting #3

Wednesday, November 6<sup>th</sup>, 2019

Cascade's Offices in Deschutes Room

Kennewick, WA

